



# 1:72 Vickers Wellington Mk.IA/C

A08019 SCALE MODEL CONSTRUCTION KIT | Wingspan: 366mm Fuselage Length: 273mm | Two Decal Schemes Included

**GB**

The Wellington was a long range medium bomber designed and developed for the RAF during the 1930s at Vickers Brooklands factory. Using the fabric-covered geodesic lattice structure originally developed by Barnes Wallis for airships, the airframe quickly gained a reputation for strength and the ability to withstand impressive amounts of damage from enemy fire when the Wellington went to war in 1939. Serving alongside the Whitley and Hampden, the Wellington suffered badly in unescorted daylight raids at the start of the war but once moved to night operations it was able to operate effectively and despite being withdrawn from frontline roles after 1943 it was still being produced at the end of the war, the only RAF bomber to be in constant production throughout the conflict. It was an adaptable aircraft; some marks were powered by Merlin engines instead of the original radials and others were fitted with radar for anti-submarine work with Coastal Command. The Wellington was a much loved and popular aircraft which was universally

referred to by the nickname 'Wimpy' after a well-known wartime cartoon character.

## Specification

Maximum Speed: 235 mph (378km/h)

Range: 2,550 miles (4,106 km)

Wingspan: 86 ft 2 in (26.27m)

Length: 64 ft 7 in (19.69 m)

Armament: 6 to 8 .303in Browning Machine Guns and 4,500lb of bombs

**FR**

Le Wellington était un bombardier moyen à longue portée, conçu et développé pour la RAF dans l'usine de Vickers à Brooklands pendant les années 1930. Sa structure géodésique en forme de lacis recouverte de textiles avait été élaborée à l'origine par Barnes Wallis pour les dirigeables. Sa cellule aéronautique a rapidement acquis une réputation de grande résistance avec la capacité de supporter des dégâts majeurs à partir des tirs ennemis lors du début du Wellington dans la Deuxième Guerre mondiale en 1939. En service aux côtés du Whitley et du Hampden au commencement du conflit, le Wellington a beaucoup souffert lors des raids de jour sans escorte. Cependant, passé aux opérations nocturnes, il a pu fonctionner efficacement. Bien qu'il ait été retiré des rôles de première ligne après 1943, il était le seul bombardier de la RAF en production continue jusqu'à la fin du conflit. C'était un appareil adaptable : certains modèles étaient propulsés par des moteurs Merlin au lieu des moteurs en étoile d'origine, et d'autres étaient munis d'un radar pour les missions anti-sous-marines du Coastal Command. Le Wellington s'est révélé être un

avion bien-aimé et populaire, surnommé partout 'Wimpy' d'après un célèbre personnage de bande dessinée pendant la Guerre.

## Spécification:

Vitesse maximale: 378 km/h

Autonomie: 4.106 km avec carburant maximum

Envergure: 26,27 m

Longueur: 19,69 m

Armement: 6 à 8 mitrailleuses Browning de 7,7mm et 2.000 kg de bombes

**DE**

Die Wellington war ein mittelschwerer Langstreckenbomber, der in den 1930er Jahren für die RAF im Vickers-Werk Brooklands entworfen und entwickelt wurde. Die Konstruktion basierte auf einer vom Chefkonstrukteur Barnes Wallis ursprünglich für Luftschiffe vorgesehenen geodätischen Gitterstruktur mit Stoffbespannung. Das Flugwerk war bald für seine Stärke bekannt, wobei bei Beschuss hauptsächlich das Gewebe und nicht das Gerippe beschädigt wurde. In dieser Ausführung wurde die Wellington 1939 erstmals im Krieg verwendet. Zusammen mit der Whitley und Hampden eingesetzt, erwies sich die Wellington aber bei unbegleiteten Tageslichtangriffen als hochgradig verwundbar. Sobald sie aber zu Nachteinsätzen abgezogen wurde, operierte sie durchaus erfolgreich. Zwar wurde sie nach 1943 nicht mehr in Frontlinieneinsätzen geflogen, wurde aber zu Kriegsende weiterhin hergestellt. Damit war sie der einzige Bomber der RAF, der im gesamten Kriegsverlauf produziert wurde. Die Wellington war vielseitig einsetzbar. Manche Versionen waren mit Merlin-Triebwerken anstelle der ursprünglich eingebauten Sternmotoren ausgestattet; andere wieder waren mit Radar zur U-Boot-Bekämpfung mit dem Coastal

Command ausgerüstet. Die Wellington war ein geschätztes und allgemein bekanntes Flugzeug. Nach einer in den 1930er Jahren populären Zeichentrickfigur war sie allgemein unter dem Spitznamen „Wimpy“ bekannt.

## Spezifikation:

Höchstgeschwindigkeit: 378 km/h

Reichweite: 4.106 km mit maximaler Treibstoffzuladung

Spannweite: 26,27 m

Länge: 19,69 m

Bewaffnung: sechs bis acht 7,7 mm Browning MG und 2.000 kg Bomben.

**ES**

El Wellington fue un bombardero de largo alcance y tamaño medio diseñado y desarrollado para la RAF durante la década de 1930 en la fábrica de Vickers Brooklands. Utilizando la estructura de celosía geodésica cubierta de tela originalmente desarrollada por Barnes Wallis para su uso en dirigibles, el Wellington no tardó en alcanzar fama por su resistencia y capacidad para soportar fuego enemigo desde sus primeras acciones de guerra en 1939. Prestando servicio junto al Whitley y Hampden, el Wellington sufrió importantes daños en incursiones sin escolta durante el día al comienzo de la guerra, en tanto se le destinó a operaciones nocturnas, pudo operar con eficacia y, aunque fue retirado de las operaciones en primera línea después de 1943, siguió en producción hasta el final del conflicto, siendo el único bombardero de la RAF que se mantuvo en producción constante durante toda la guerra. Fue un aparato con gran capacidad de adaptación; algunos modelos contaban con motores Merlin en lugar de los motores radiales originales, y otros fueron equipados con radares para operaciones antisubmarinas del Mando Costero.

El Wellington gozó de gran popularidad y fue conocido universalmente como 'Wimpy', el protagonista de una tira cómica muy famosa durante los años de la guerra.

## Especificación:

Velocidad máxima: 378 km/h

Autonomía: 4106 km con carga máxima de combustible

Envergadura: 26,27 m

Largo: 19,69 m

Armamento: Entre 6 y 8 ametralladoras Browning de 7,7 mm y 2.000 kg de bombas

**SE**

Wellington var ett bombflygplan i mellanklassen med lång räckvidd som RAF både ritade och utvecklade på Vickers Brooklands fabrik under 1930-talet. Skrovet, som tillverkades av samma tygkläckta, geodesiska struktur som Barnes Wallis ursprungligen utvecklade för luftskipp, fick snabbt rykte om sig att vara tåligt och förmöget att motstå omfattande skador från fiendeeld när Wellington sattes i strid 1939. Wellington, som tjänstgjorde tillsammans med Whitley- och Hampden-plan, åsamkades stora skador under icke-eskorterade dagsljusräder i krigets inledande skede, men visade sig mer effektivt när det så småningom sattes in under nattetid. Trots att planet drags tillbaka från frontlinjen efter 1943 fortsatte det att produceras fram till krigsslutet – det enda RAF-bombplan som producerades kontinuerligt under konflikten. Det var ett anpassningsbart flygplan: vissa versioner drevs med Merlin-motorer istället för de ursprungliga radiella motorerna, och andra bestyrkades med radar för ubåtsjakter tillsammans med Coastal

Command. Wellington var ett mycket uppskattat flygplan som i folkmun döptes till "Wimpy" efter en berömd seriefigur under kriget.

## Specifikation:

Maximal hastighet: 378 km/h

Räckvidd: 4106 km med full tank

Spänvidd: 26,27 m

Längd: 19,69 m

Bestyrkning: 6 till 8 st. 7,7 mm Browning-kulsprutor och 2 000 kg bomber

Airfix would like to thank Brooklands Museum (<https://www.brooklandsmuseum.com/>) for their assistance with this project.

## FOR BEST RESULTS:

Surfaces to be painted should be clean – before parts are removed from the sprue, wash in warm, soapy water, rinse and dry thoroughly. Stir paints thoroughly before use.

## PLEASE NOTE:

Some parts in the kit may not be required to build the model specified.



**HORNBY  
HOBBIES**

# ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

**GB** Study drawings and practise assembly before cementing parts together. Carefully scrape paint from cementing surfaces. All parts are numbered. Paint small parts before assembly. To apply decal cut sheet as required, dip in warm water for a few seconds, slide off backing into position shown. Use in conjunction with box artwork. Not appropriate for children under 36 months of age, due to the presence of small detachable parts.

**FR** Étudier attentivement les dessins et simuler l'assemblage avant de coller les pièces. Gratter soigneusement toute peinture sur les surfaces à coller. Toutes les pièces sont numérotées. Peindre les petites pièces avant l'assemblage. Pour coller les décalcomanies, découper le motif, le plonger quelques secondes dans de l'eau chaude puis le poser à l'endroit indiqué en décollant le support papier. Utiliser conjointement avec les illustrations sur la boîte. Non convient pas aux enfants de moins de 36 mois - présence de petits éléments détachables.

**DE** Vor dem Zusammenkleben der Teile die Zeichnungen sorgfältig ansehen und die zu verklebenden Teile zur Vermeidung möglicher Fehler versuchweise zusammenfügen. Dann an den Klebeflächen vorhandene Farbeschichtung vor dem Zusammenkleben vorsichtig abkratzen. Alle Bestandteile sind mit Nummern versehen. Kleine Teile vor dem Zusammenbau bemalen. Abziehbilder wie gewünscht ausschneiden. Vor dem Anbringen einige Sekunden in warmes Wasser tauchen und dann vom Trägerpapier in ihre vorgesehene Position schieben. Dabei die Abbildungen auf der Schachtel beachten. Nicht für Kinder unter 36 Monaten geeignet, da abnehmbare bzw. lose angebrachte Kleinteile enthalten sind.

**ES** Estudiar los dibujos y practicar el montaje antes de pegar las piezas. Raspar cuidadosamente la pintura en las superficies de contacto antes de pegar las piezas. Todas las piezas están numeradas. Es conveniente pintar las piezas pequeñas antes de su montaje. Para aplicar las calcomanías, cortarlas de la hoja, sumergirlas en agua tibia durante unos segundos y deslizarlas a la posición indicada. Utilizar en conjunción con la ilustración de la caja. No es adecuado para niños menores de 36 meses, ya que contiene piezas pequeñas que podrían soltarse.

**IT** Studiare i disegni ed esercitarsi a montare i vari pezzi prima di fissarli con la colla. Raschiare con cura le tracce di vernice dalle superfici da incollare. Tutti i pezzi sono numerati. Verniciare i pezzi di piccole dimensioni prima di montarli. Per applicare le decalcomanie, ritagliare il foglio nel modo richiesto, immergere in acqua calda per alcuni secondi, quindi staccare la decalcomania dalla carta di supporto e posizionarla nel punto desiderato. Usare le decalcomanie come indicato nell'illustrazione riportata sulla confezione. Non adatto a bambini di età inferiore a 36 mesi per la presenza di componenti di piccole dimensioni che potrebbero staccarsi.

**DK** Studer tegningerne nøje og forsøg at sætte dele sammen, inden de klæbes sammen. Skrab forsigtigt malinger af de overflader, der skal klæbes sammen. Alle dele er nummererede. Små dele skal males, før de monteres. Overføringsbillederne påføres ved at klippe dem ud af arket, som påkrævet, dyppe dem i varmt vand i nogle få sekunder, hvorefter underlaget glides af i de viste positioner. Påføres ifølge illustrationerne på æsken. Ikke egnet til børn under 3 år på grund af tilstedsdøvrelæselse af små afgørelse dele.

**NL** Tekeningen bestuderen en delen in elkaar zetten alvorens deze te lijmen. Lak voorzichtig van lijmlakken afschrapen. Alle delen zijn genummerd. Kleine delen vóór montage verven. Voor aanbrengen van stickers, gewenste stickers uit het vel knippen, een paar seconden in warm water dompelen en dan van het schutblad af op afgebeelde plaat schuiven. Hierbij afbeelding op doos raadplegen. Niet geschikt voor kinderen onder 3 jaar, omdat kleine deeltjes gemakkelijk kunnen losraken.

**SE** Studera bilderna noggrant och sätt ihop delarna innan du limmar ihop dem. Skrapa försiktigt bort färg från limmade delar. Alla delarna är numrerade. Måla smärdelarna före ihopstötning. Sätt fast dekalerna genom att klippa arket, doppa i varmt vatten några sekunder och låta baksidan glida på plats som bilden visar. Använd enligt bildanvisningarna på kartongen. Recomenderas ej för barn under 3 år. Innehåller löstagbara smärdelar.

**FI** Tutustu piirroksil ja harjoittele kokoamista, ennen kuin liimata osat yhteen. Raaputa maali varovasti pois liittävällä pinnolta. Kaikki osat on numeroitu. Maalaus pienet osat ennen kokoamista. Siirtokuvien kiinnittämiseksi leikkaa ne arkista tarpeen mukaan. Kasta kuva lämpimään veteen muutaman sekunnin ajaksi, anna takapuolen liukua kuvalle osoitettuun kohtaan. Käytetään yhdessä laatikon kuvituksen kanssa. Elä suootteliaalle kolmiuotialle lapsille. Paljon irrotettavia piikkusia.

**PT** Estudar atentamente os desenhos e experimentar a montagem. Raspar cuidadosamente as superfícies de modo a eliminar pintura antes de colar. Todas as peças estão numeradas. Pintar as pequenas peças antes de colar. Para aplicar as decalcomanias, cortar as folhas e mergulhar em água morna por alguns segundos, depois deslizar e aplicar no respectivo lugar, como indicado nas ilustrações na caixa. Não convém a uma criança de menos de 36 meses devido à presença de pequenos elementos destacadáveis.

**PL** Przed przystąpieniem do klejenia przestudiuj uważnie rysunki i przećwicz składanie części. Ostrożnie zeskrob z klejanych powierzchni farbę. Wszystkie części są ponumerowane. Drobne części pomaluj przed ich złożeniem. Celem przeniesienia kalkomanii wyniósł ją z arkusza, zanurz na kilka sekund w lekkiej wodzie i zsunź z podłoża na wymagane miejsce. Używaj w połączeniu ze wzorami na pudelku. W związku z obecnością wielu drobnych, rozbierejących części, nieodpowiednie dla dzieci poniżej 3 lat.

**EL** Μελετήστε προσεκτικά τα σχέδια και συναρμολογήστε για πρώτη φορά τα κομμάτια χωρίς να τα συγκολλήσετε. Αφαιρέστε επιμέλως την πλαστική βάση από τις επιφάνειες της οποίες θα συγκολλήσετε. Όλα τα κομμάτια είναι αριθμημένα. Χρησιματίστε τα μικρά κομμάτια την πρώτη στιγμή μετά τη συναρμολόγηση. Για να κολλήστε τις χαλκομαίες, κόψετε γύρω από το σχέδιο όπως απαιτείται, βιβλίστε το μερικά δευτερότελτα σε χιλιόντες και μετά τοποθετήστε το στη θέση που υποδεικνύεται, αφαιρώντας τη μεμβράνη που το καλύπτει. Λαβέτε υπόψη σας ταυτόχρονα την εικονογράφηση του κουτιού. Ακατάλληλο για παιδιά ηλικίας κάτω των 36 μηνών λόγω ύπαρξης μικρών κομματιών που αποσπούνται.

## ASSEMBLY ICON INSTRUCTIONS

Assembly phase  
Phase de montage  
Montagephase  
Fase de montaje  
Monteringfasen  
Fase di montaggio  
Montagefase  
Fase de montagem  
Monteringsfase  
Kokoomisvaihe  
Faza skladania  
Φάση συναρμολόγησης

Cement  
Collier  
Kleben  
Pegar  
Limma  
Incollare  
Lijmen  
Color  
Klebes  
Lijmaa  
Kleic  
Συγκόλλεστε

Do not cement together  
No pas collar  
Nicht kleben  
No pegar  
Limma inte  
Non incollare  
Niet lijmen  
Skal ikke klæbes  
Äjä liimaa  
Nie kleic  
Μη συγκόλλεστε

Indicates final location  
Indique l'emplacement final  
Zeigt Endposition  
Indica la ubicación definitiva  
Anger slutmonteringsplats  
Sede di montaggio finale  
Geeft uiteindelijke locatie aan  
'Indica localização final  
Viser endelig placering  
Osoittaa lopullisen sijainnin  
Oznacza miejsce docelowe  
Υποδεικνύει τελική τοποθεσία

Alternative part(s) provided  
Autre(s) pièce(s) fournie(s)  
Ersatzteil(e)s mitgeliefert  
Se incluye(n) pieza(s) alternativa(s)  
Alternativ(a) del(ar) ingår  
Uno o più componenti alternativi forniti  
Alternatieve onderdelen meegeleverd  
Peça(s) alternativa(de)e(s) fornecida(s)  
Alternativ(e) del(e) medfolger  
Vaihtoehtoiset osat pakkaussessa  
Dostępne części zamienne  
Παρέχονται εναλλακτικά κομμάτα

Repeat this operation  
Répéter l'opération  
Vorgang wiederholen  
Repetir la operación  
Upprepa åtgärden  
Ripetere l'operazione  
De verrichting herhalen  
Repeter a operação  
Manövren gentages  
Toista toimenpide  
Powtarzyć operację  
Επαναλάβετε τη διαδικασία

Decals  
Décalcomanies  
Abziehbild  
Calcomanías  
Dekaler  
Decalcomanie  
Stickers  
Decalcomania  
Billedoverføring  
Siirtokuvat  
Kalkomanie  
Χαλκομανίες

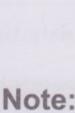
Crystal part  
Pièce cristal  
Kristallteil  
Pieza de cristal  
Kristalldel  
Pezzo cristallo  
Kristallen onderdeel  
Peça de cristal  
Krystallstykke  
Kristalliosa  
Część kryształowa  
Κομμάτι κρυστάλλου

Weight  
Lester  
Beschweren  
Lastrar  
Belasta  
Applicare un peso  
Verzwaren  
Lastrar  
Påfør vægt  
Aseta vastapaino  
Obciążać balastem  
Επιθέστε βάρος

Remove by filing  
Enlever avec une lime  
Abfellen  
Eliminar con lima  
Ta bort genom att fila  
Rimuovere con la lima  
Verwijderen door afvijlen  
Remova firmando  
Fjern ved at file væk  
Poista viljaamalla  
Usunąć przy użyciu pilnika  
Αφαιρέστε λιμάροντας με λίμα

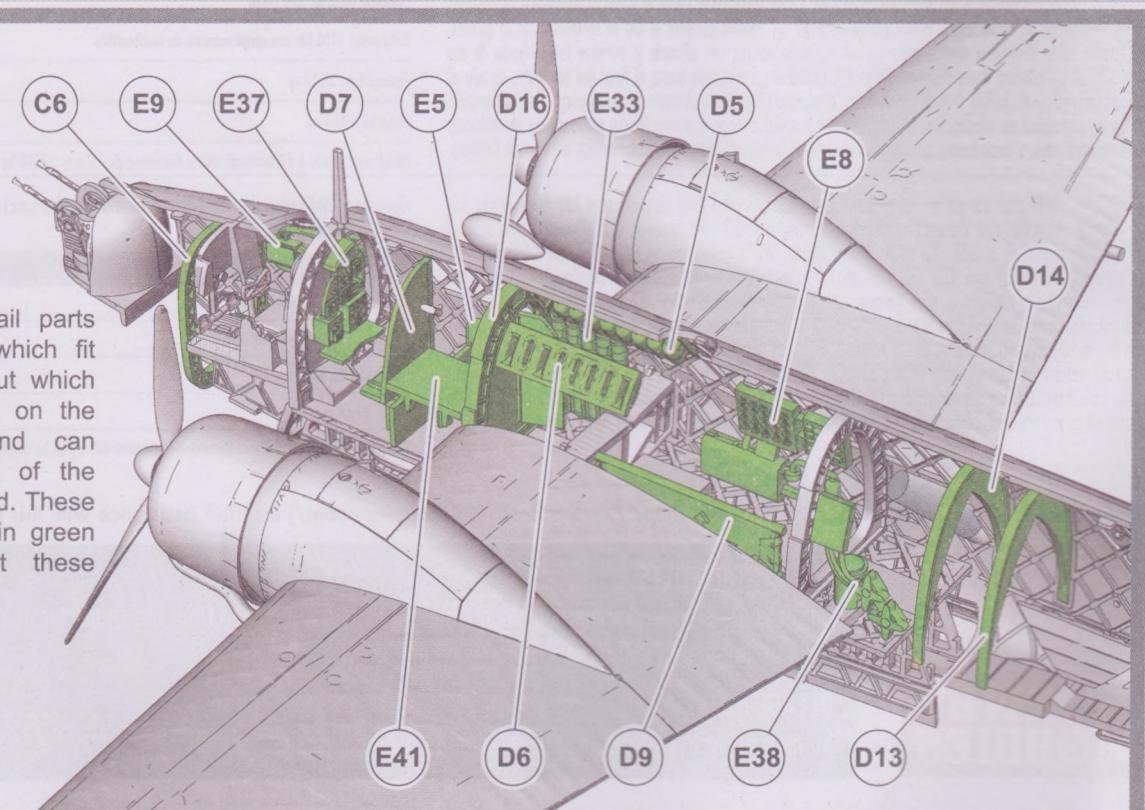
Drill or pierce  
Percer  
Durchbohren  
Perforar  
Borra  
Trapanare o forare  
Boren of doorboren  
Furar  
Gennembor  
Poraa tai puhkaise  
Wyllerci lub przedziuriawić  
Τρυπήστε

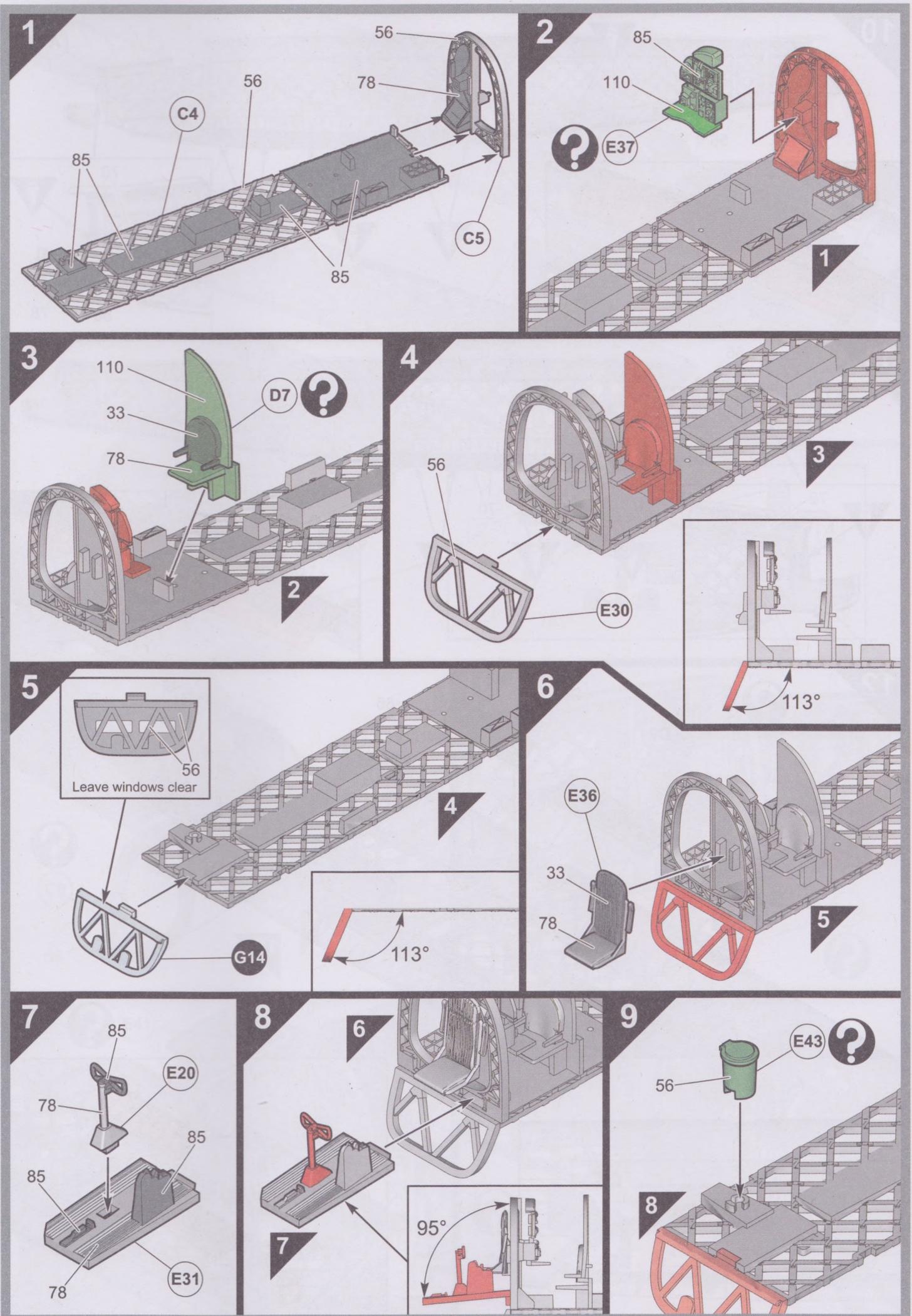
Cut  
Découper  
Schneiden  
Cortar  
Skära  
Tagliare  
Snijden  
Cortar  
Skræve  
Leikkaa  
Przećiąć  
Κόψτε

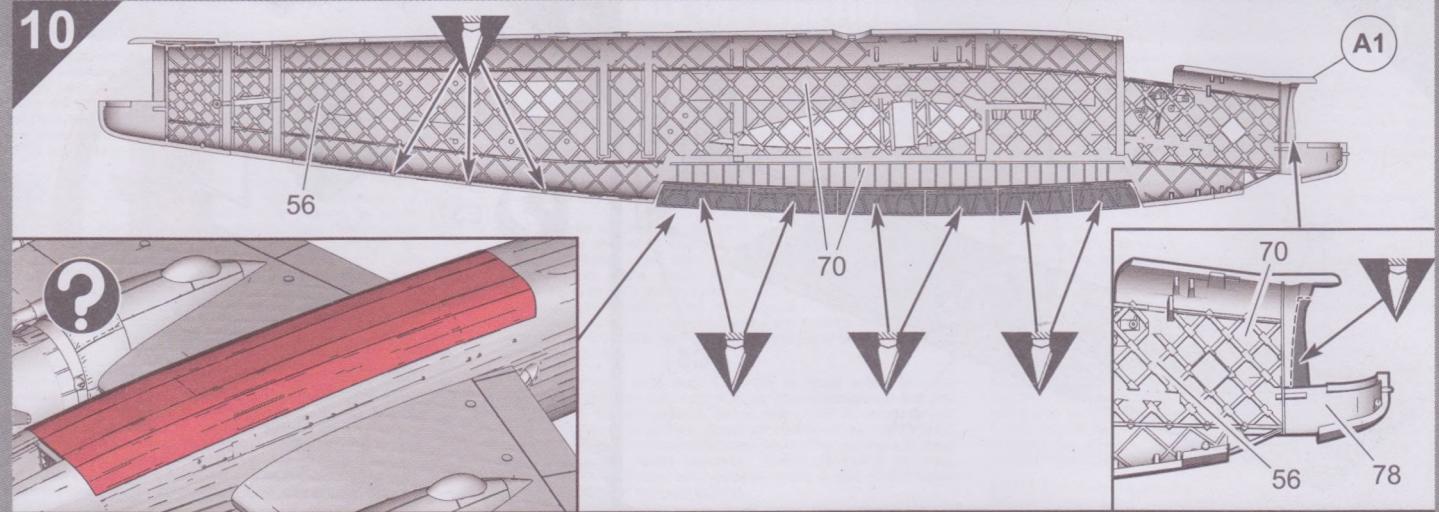
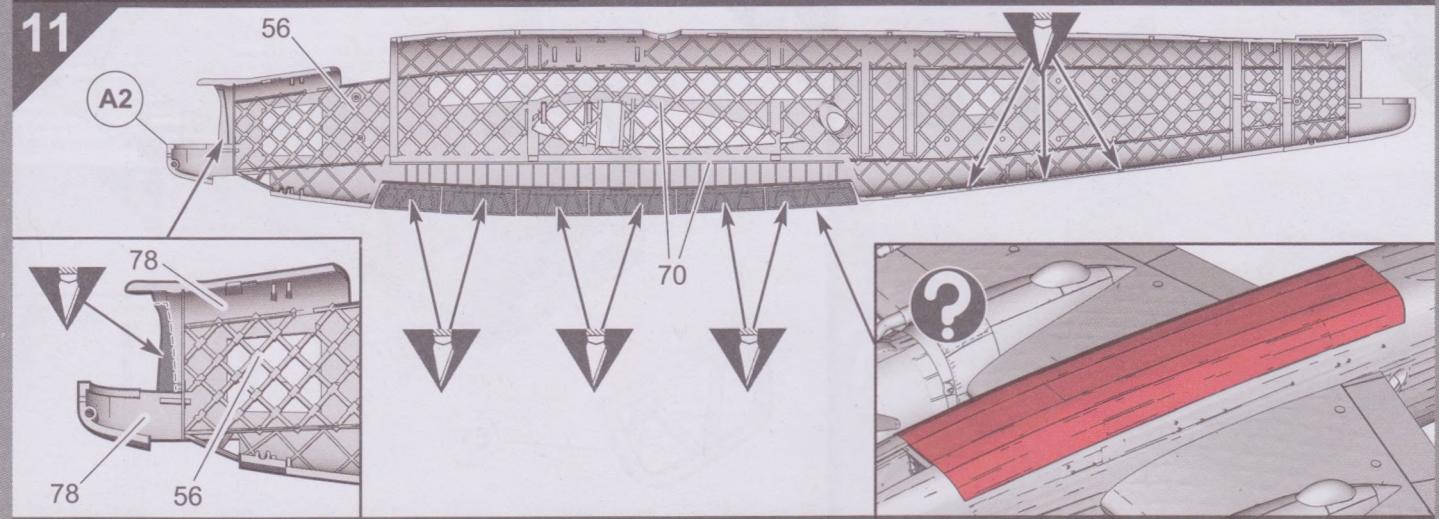
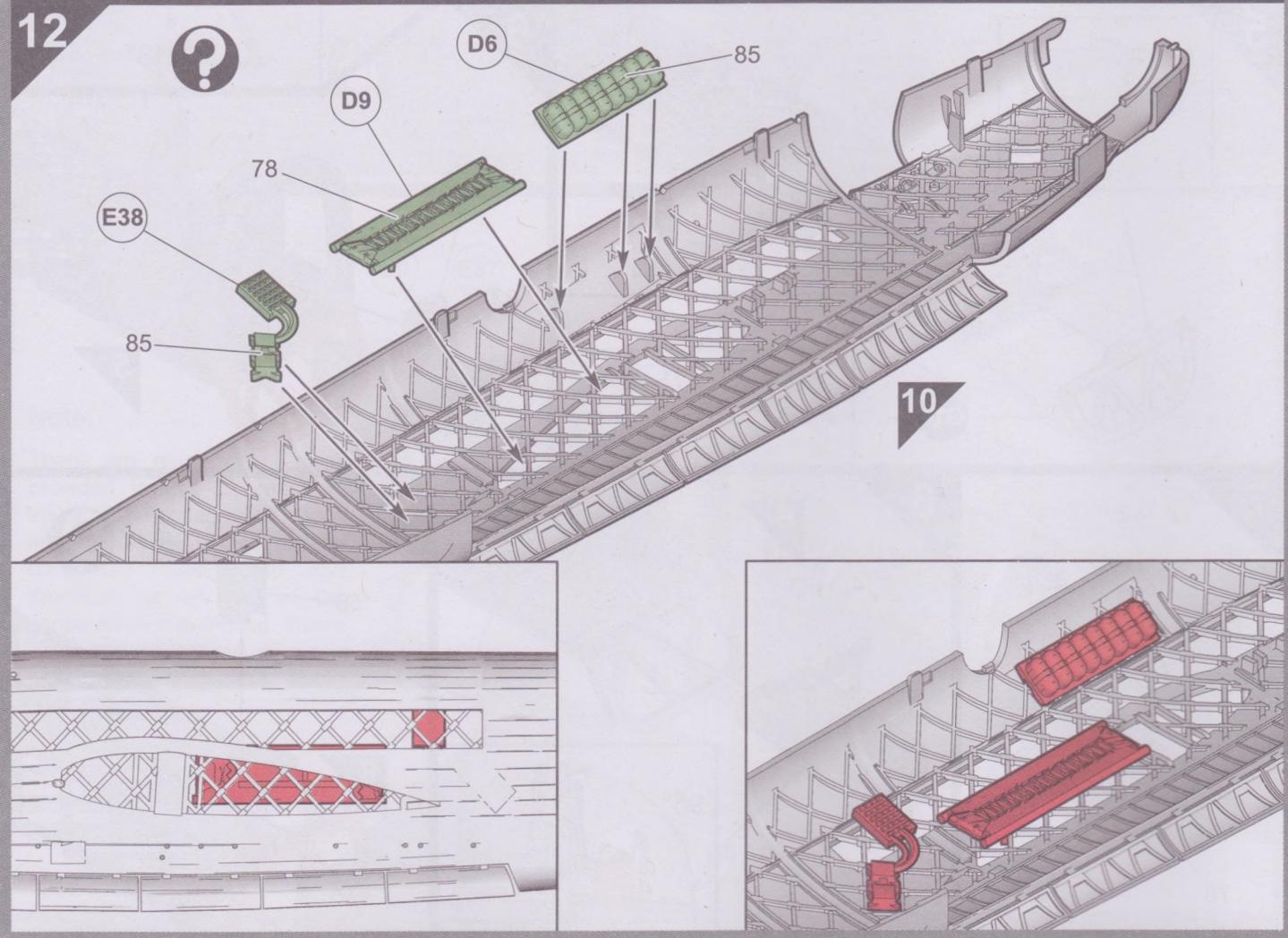


### Note:

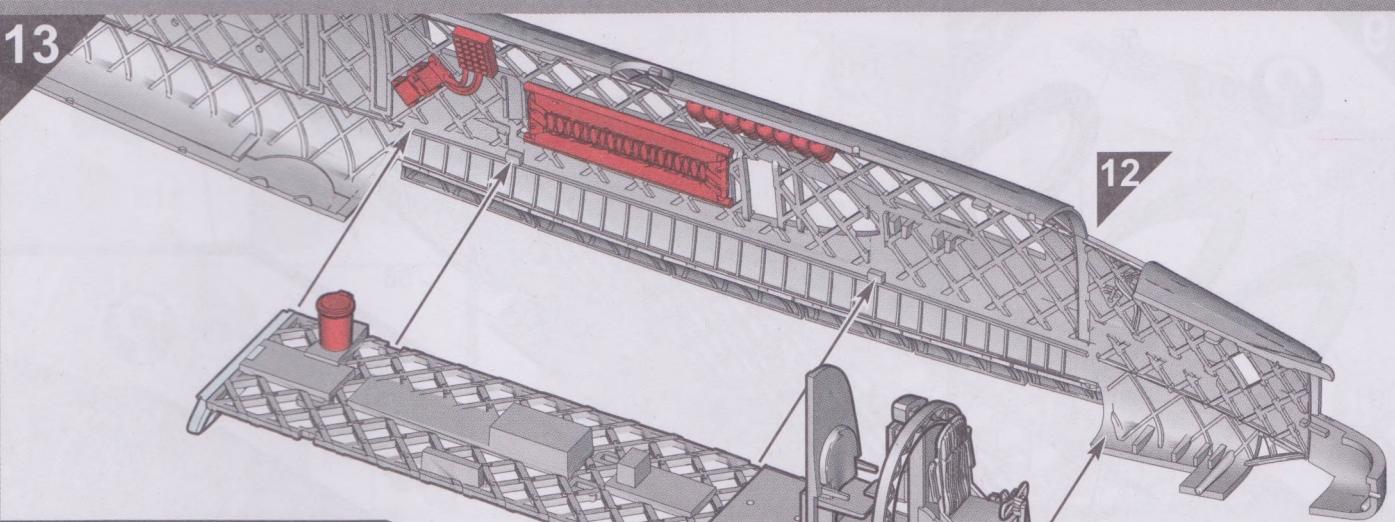
There are many detail parts provided in this kit which fit inside the fuselage but which are not easily visible on the completed model and can therefore be left out of the construction if preferred. These parts are highlighted in green here and throughout these instructions.



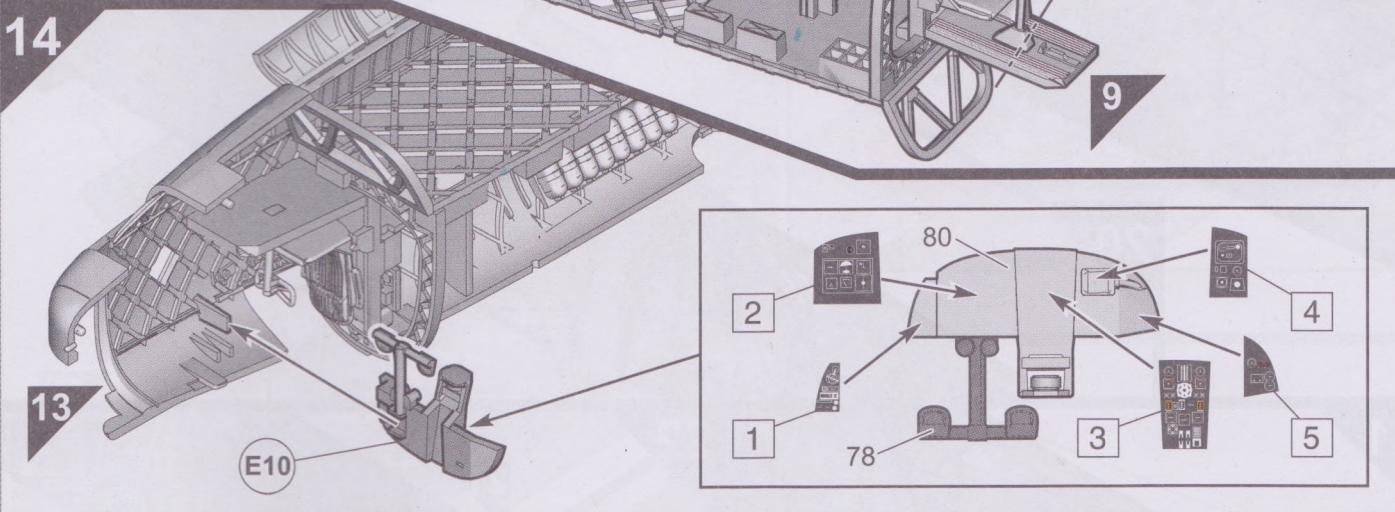


**10****11****12**

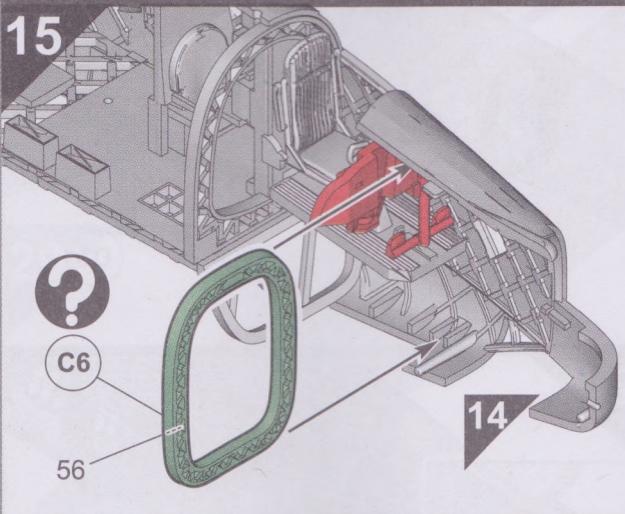
13



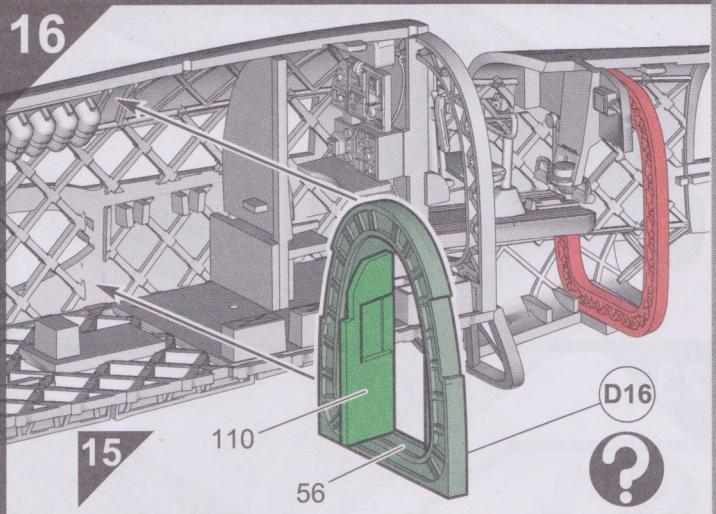
14



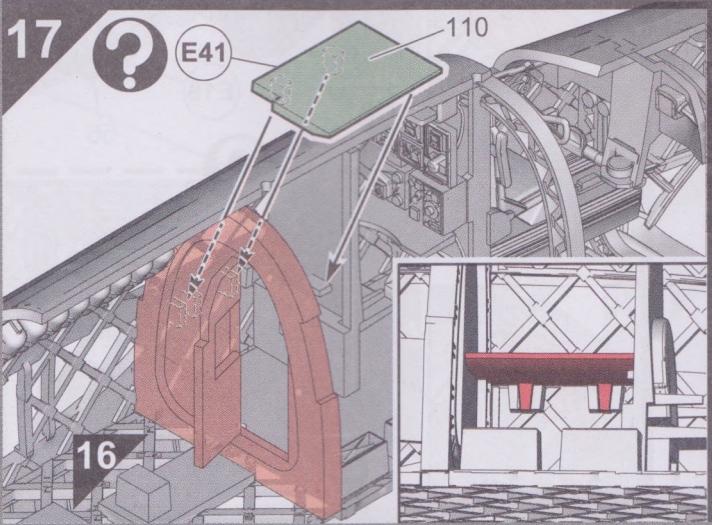
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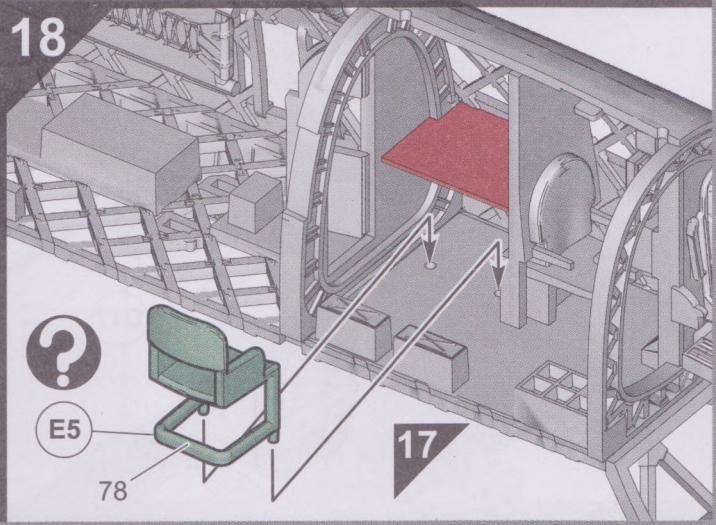
16

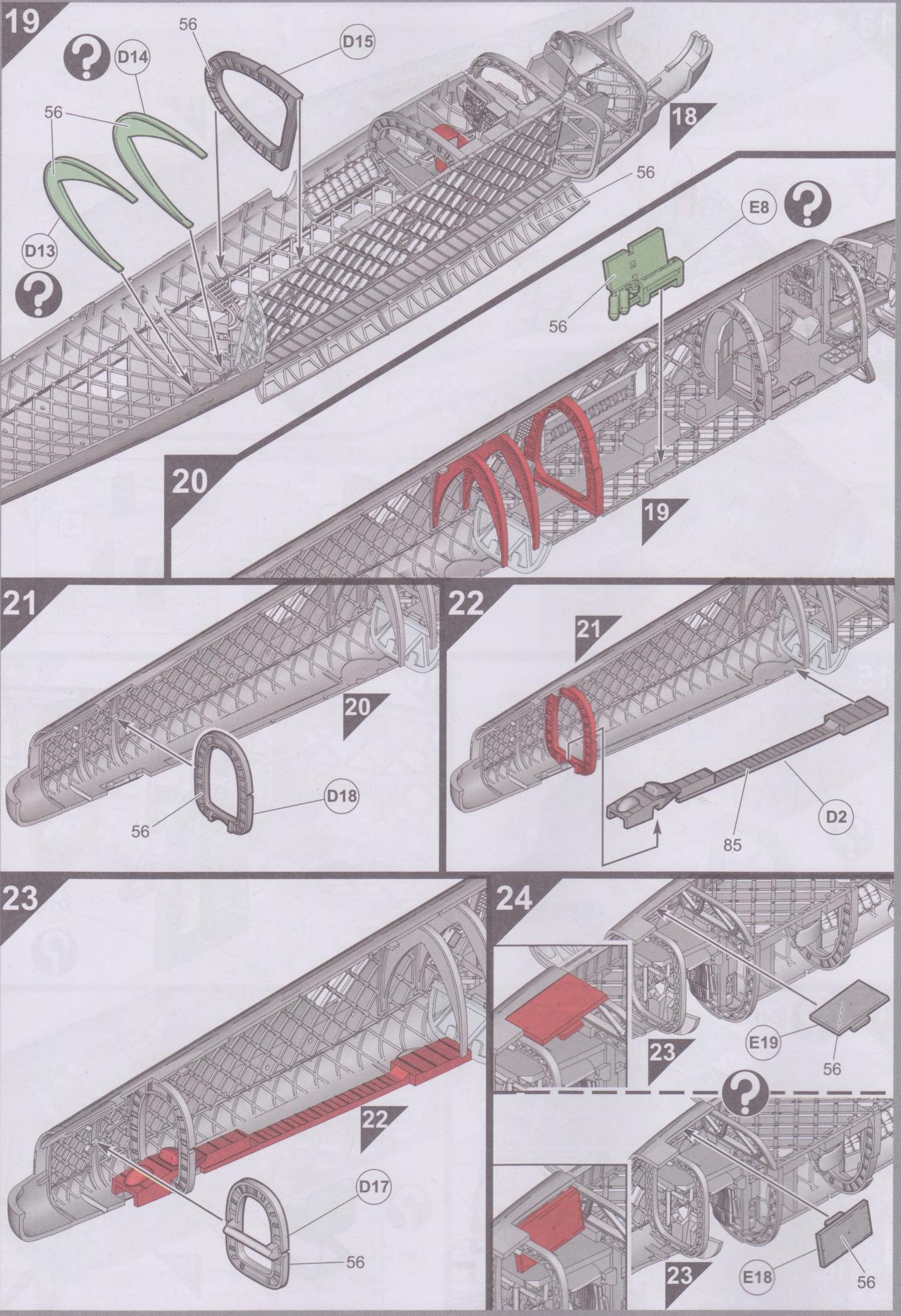


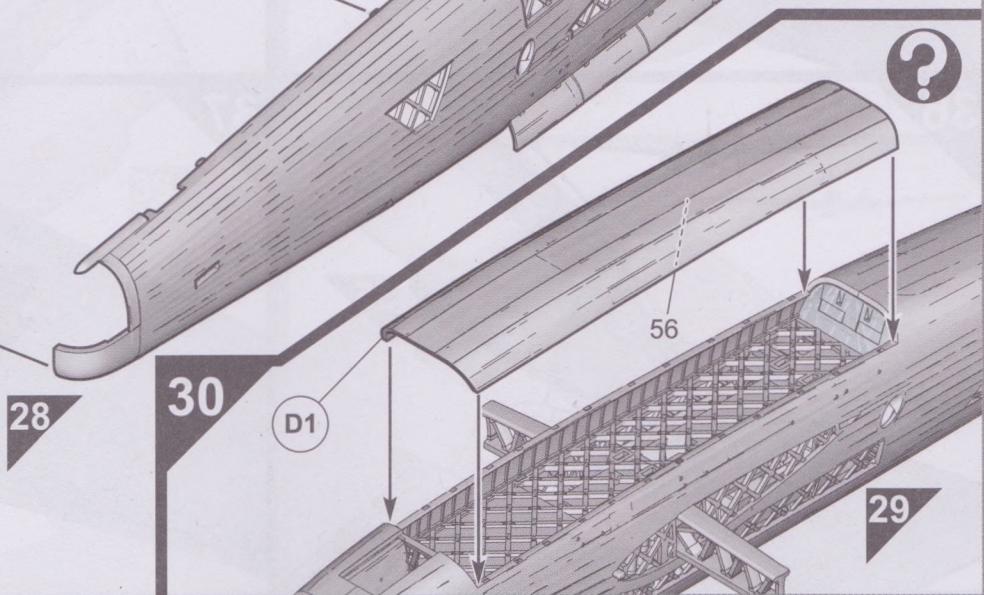
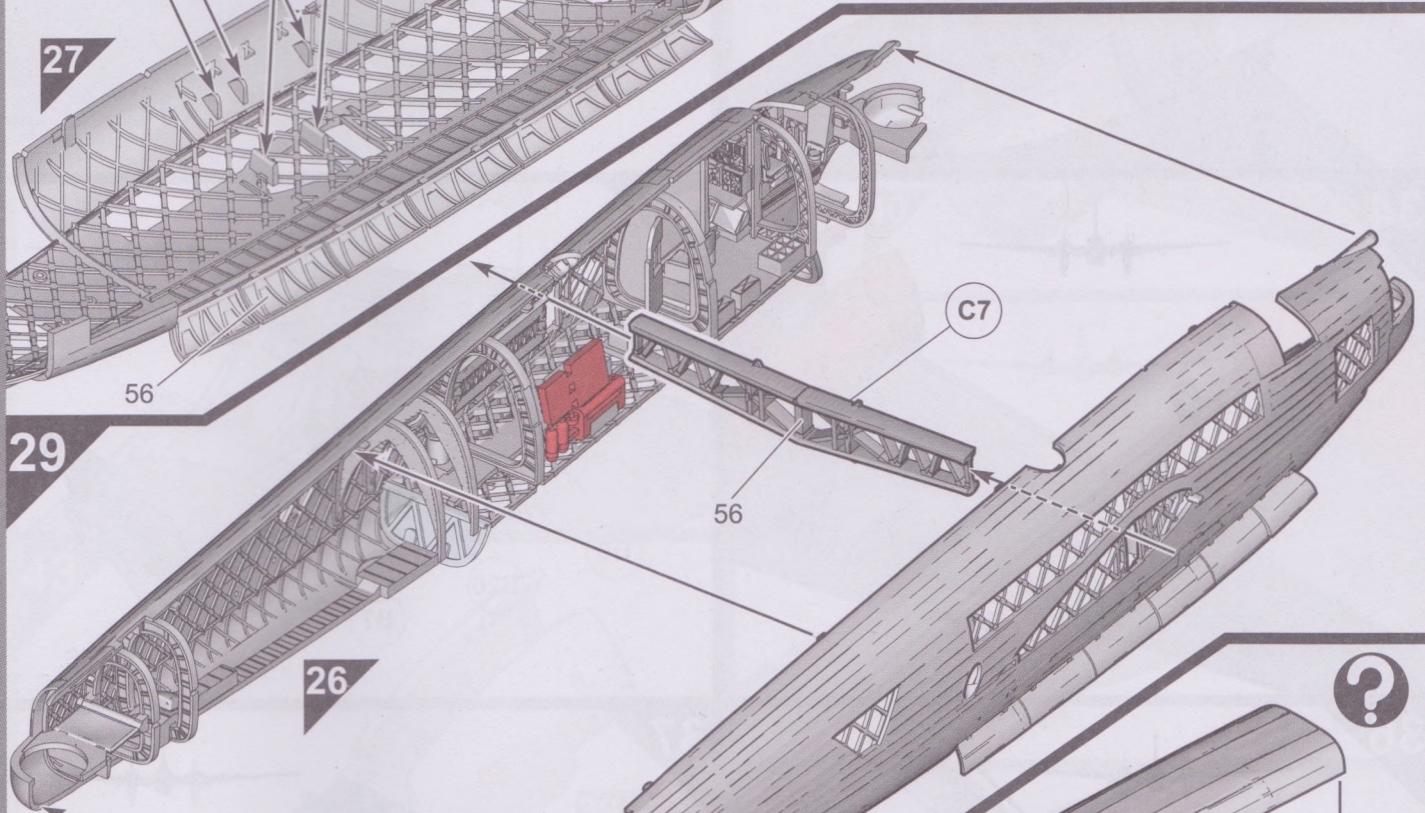
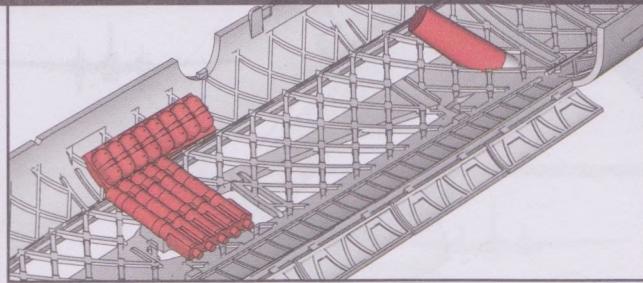
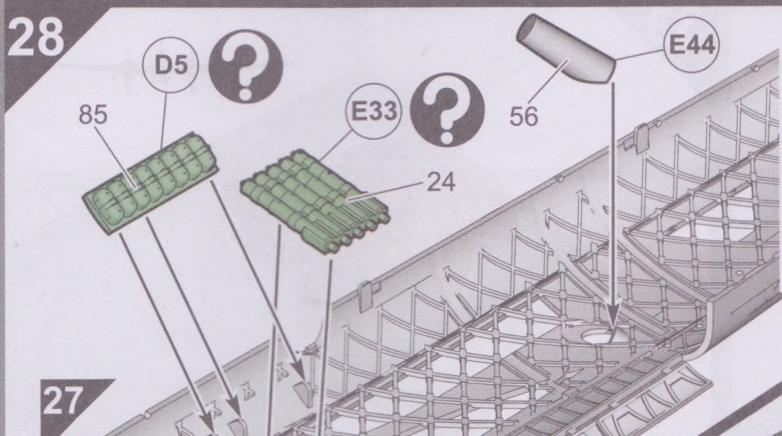
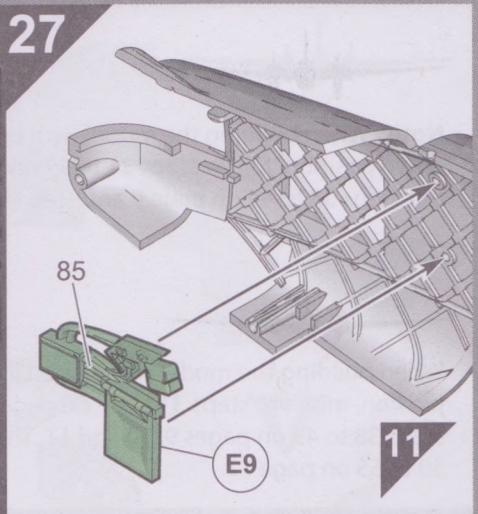
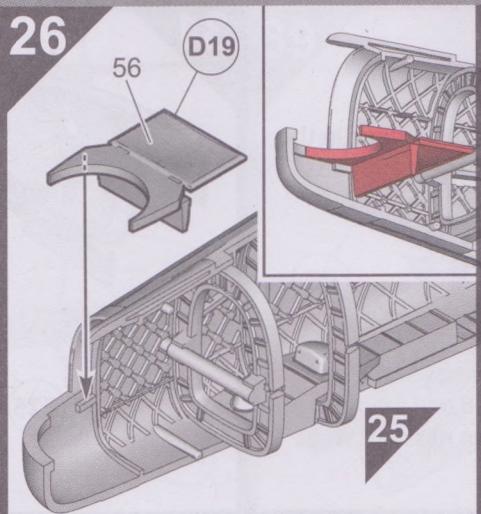
17



18







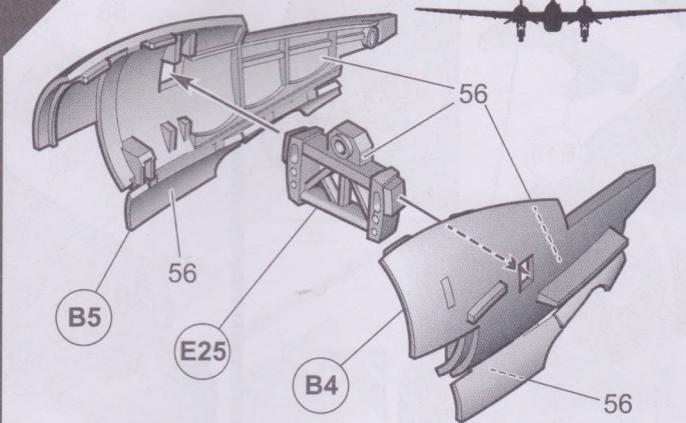


**Note:** When building the model with undercarriage in the down position, follow steps 31 to 37 on page 8 and miss out steps 38 to 44 on page 9 and step 49 on page 11.

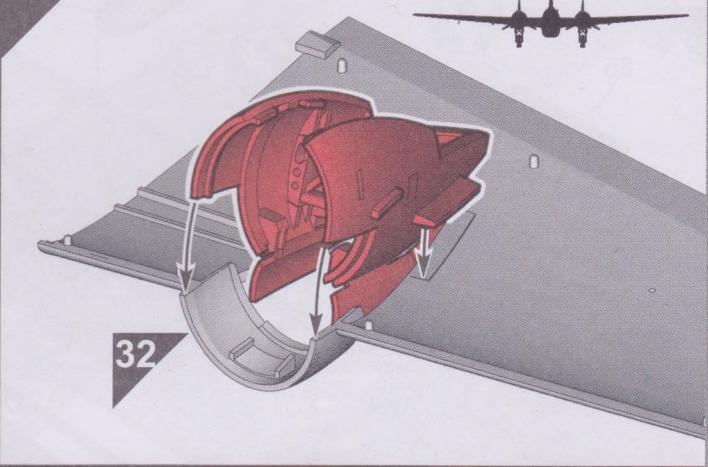


When building the model with undercarriage in the up position, miss out steps 31 to 37 on page 8 and follow steps 38 to 49 on pages 9, 10 and 11. Then miss out steps 50 to 55 on page 11.

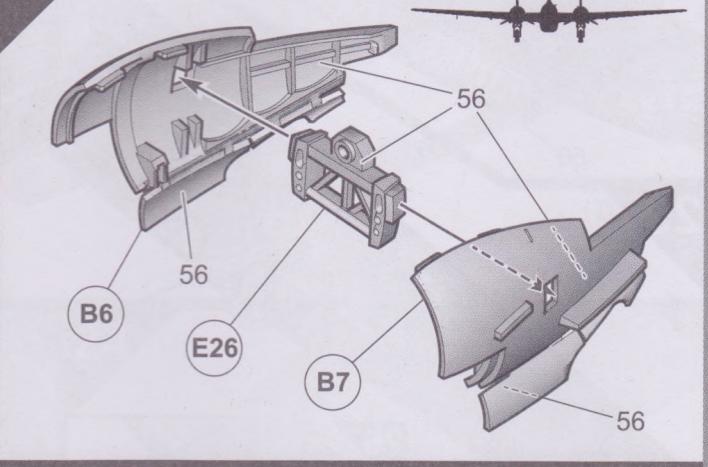
31



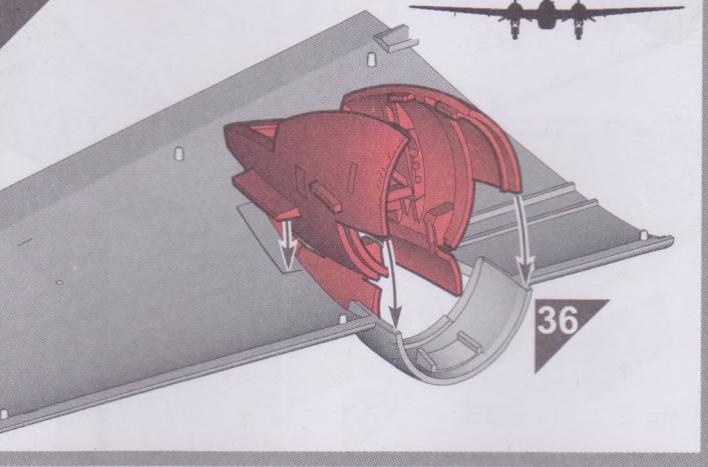
32



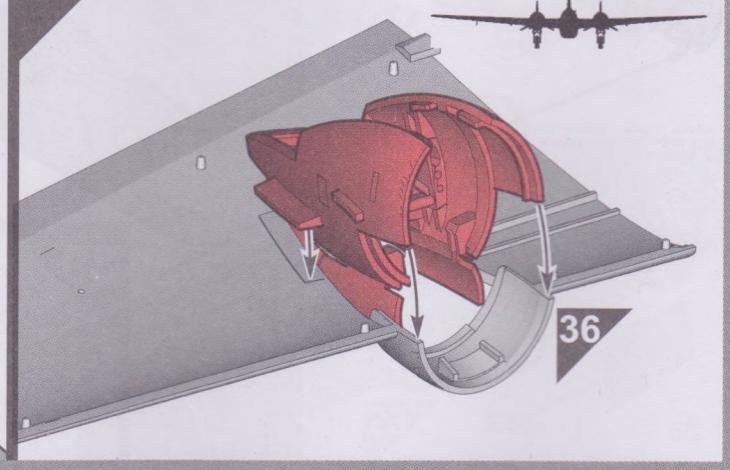
33



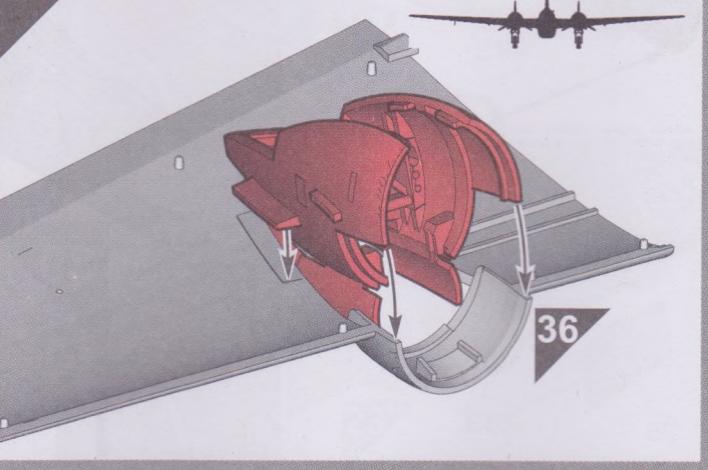
34



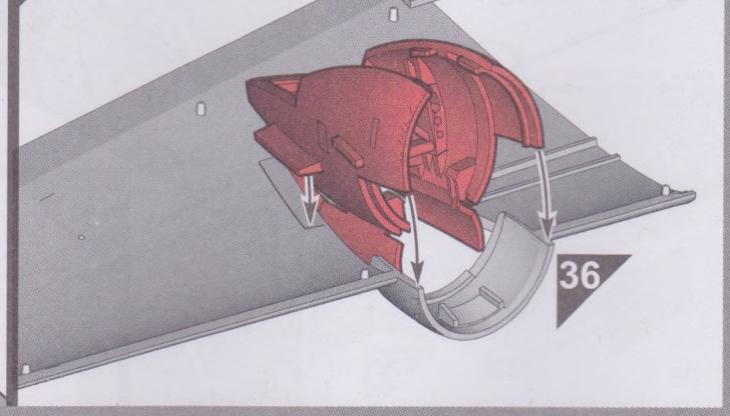
35

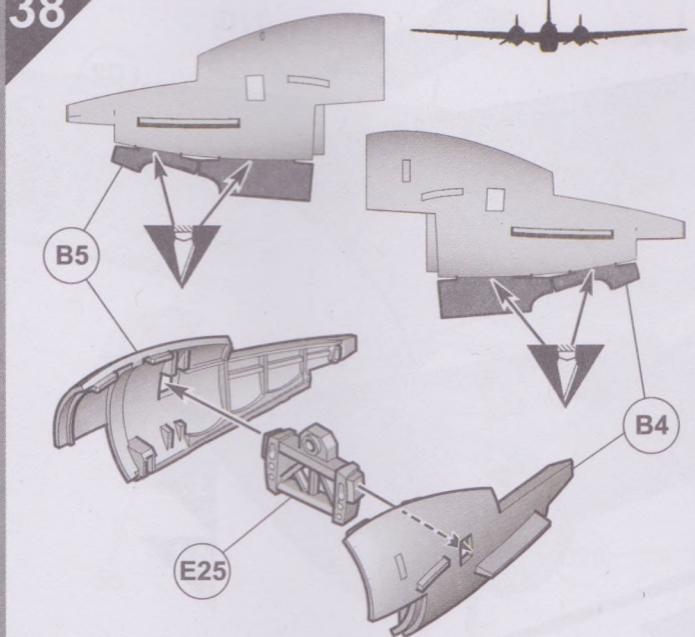
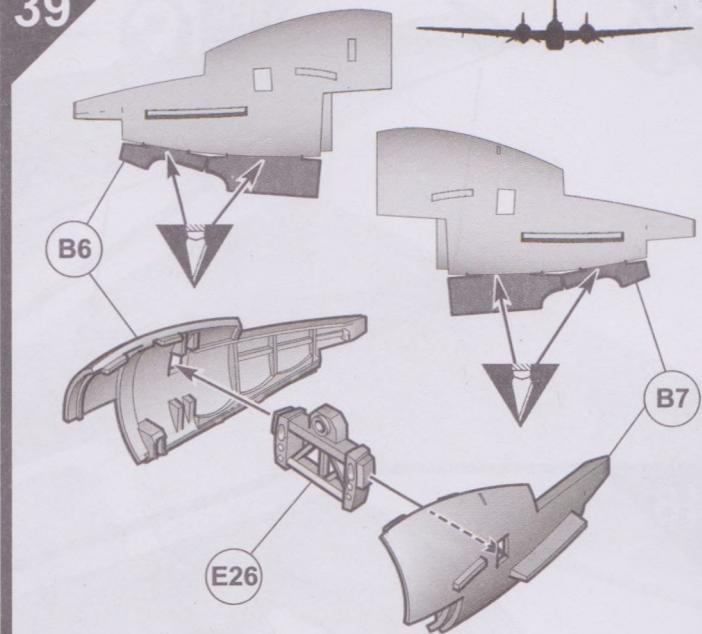
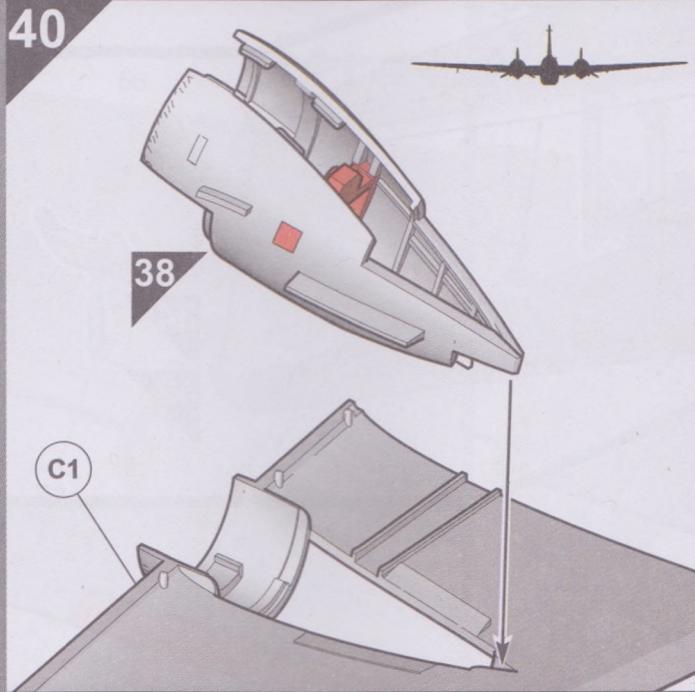
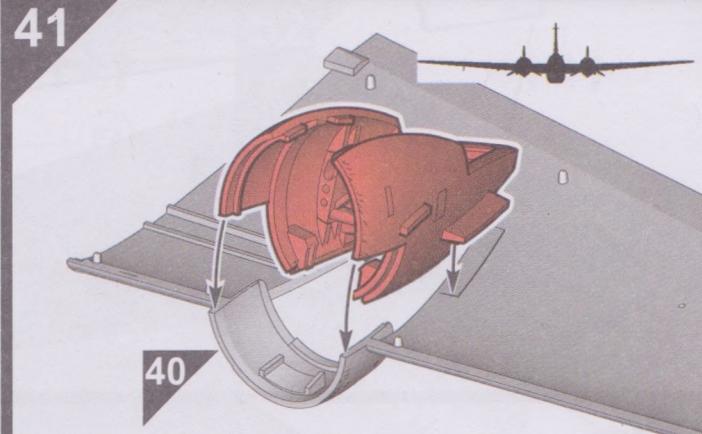
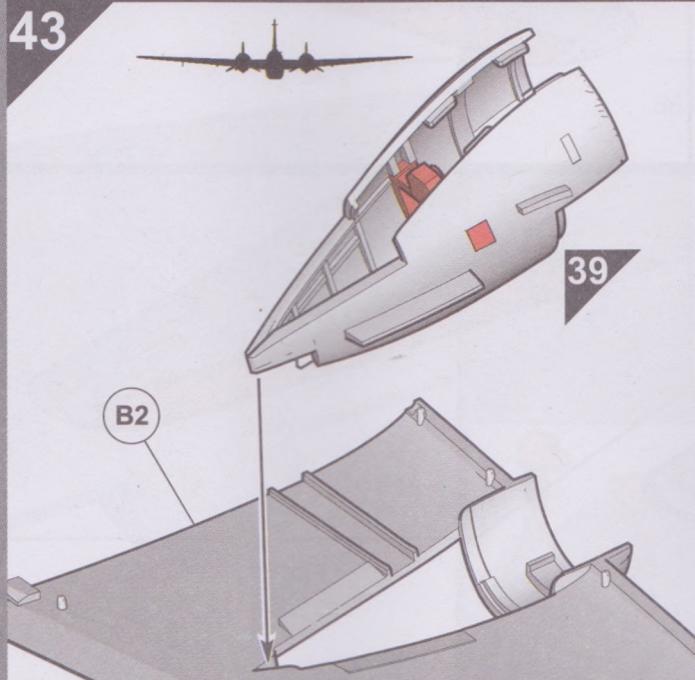
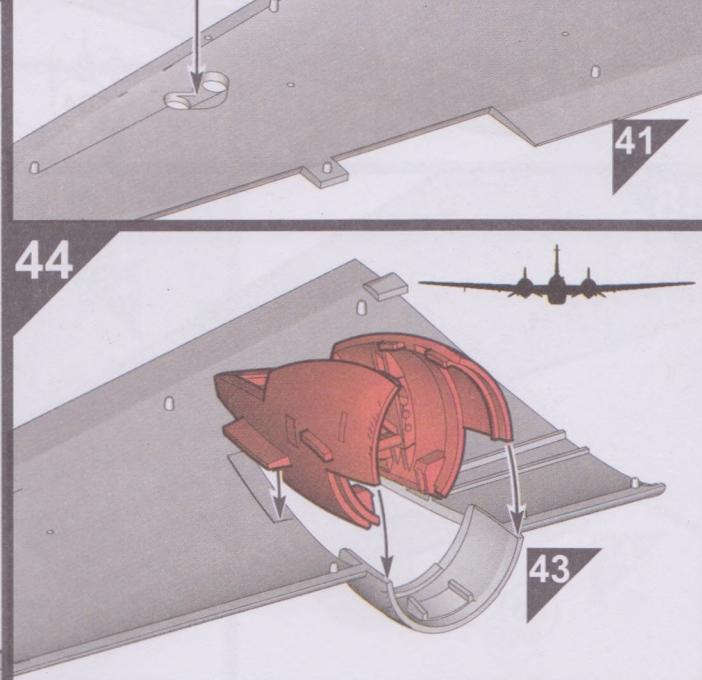
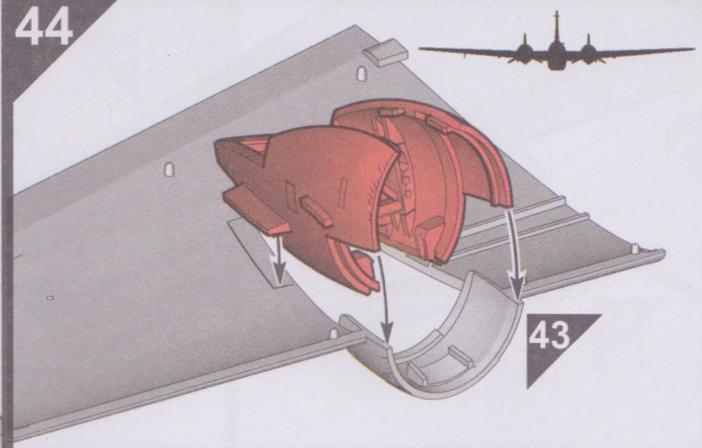


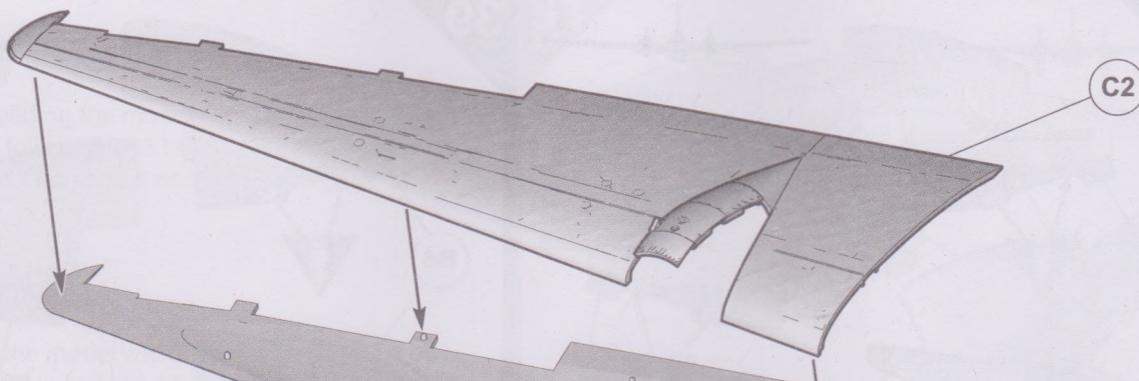
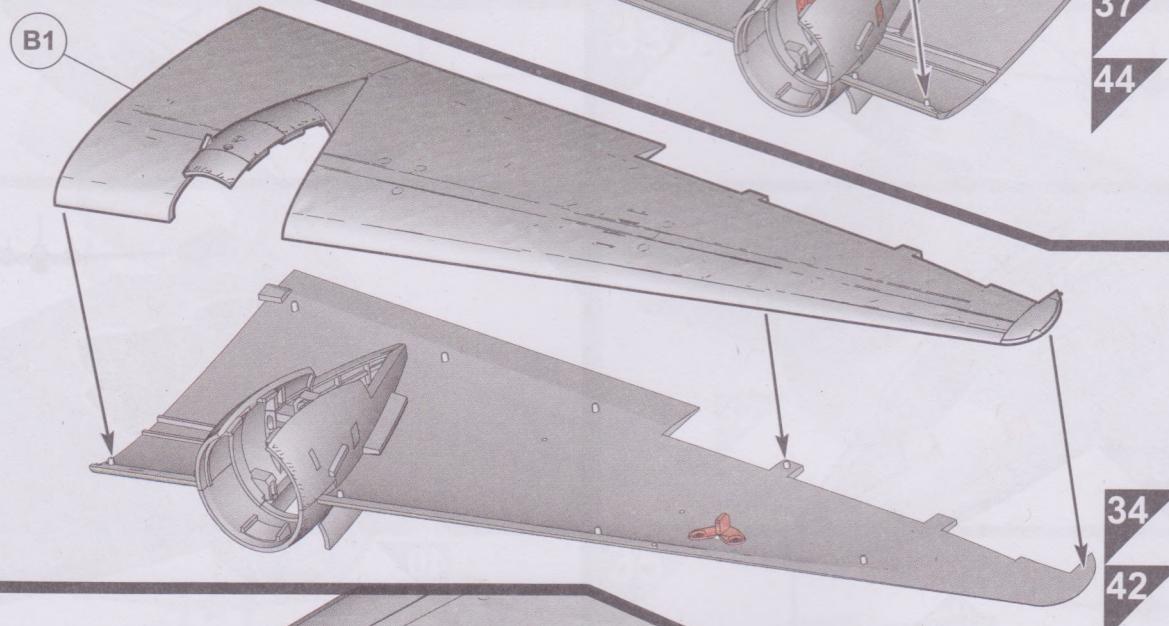
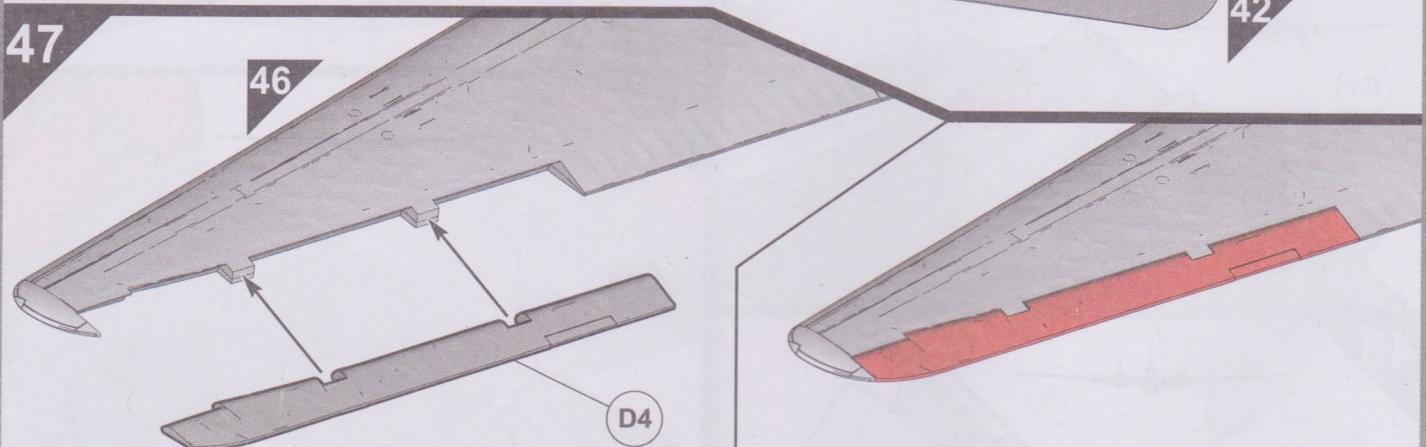
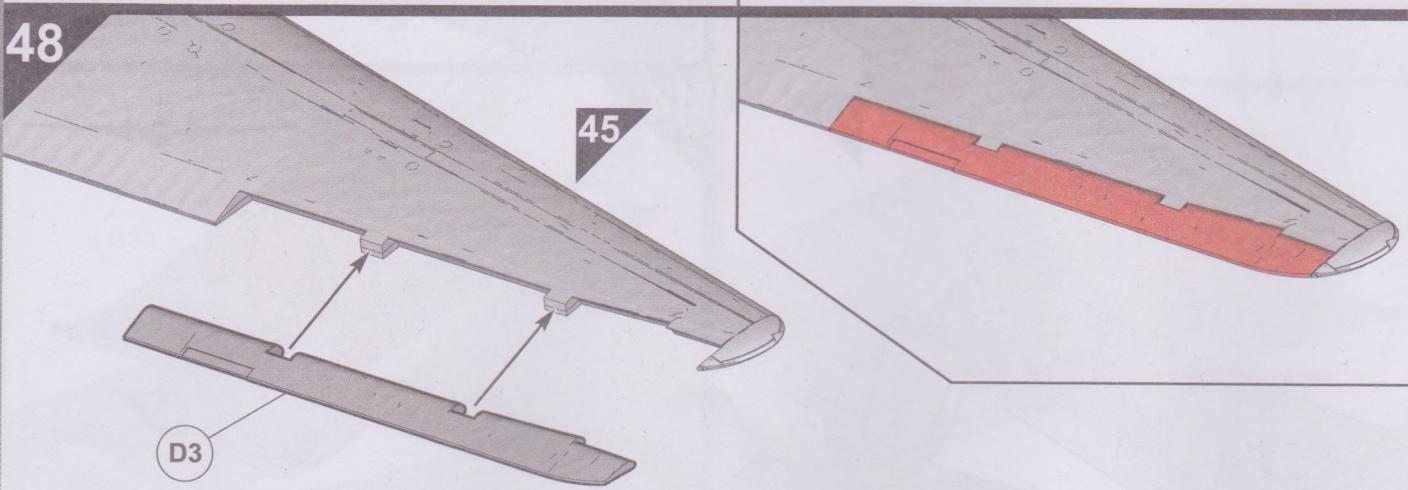
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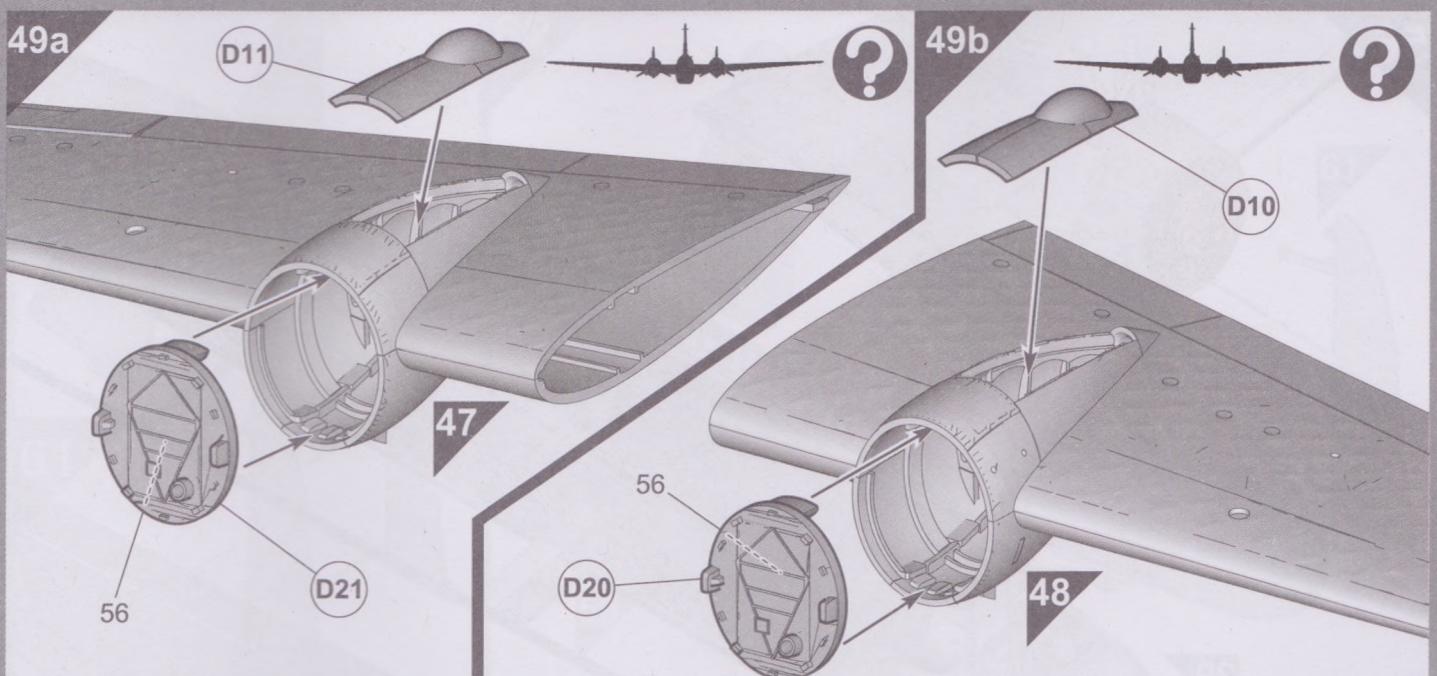
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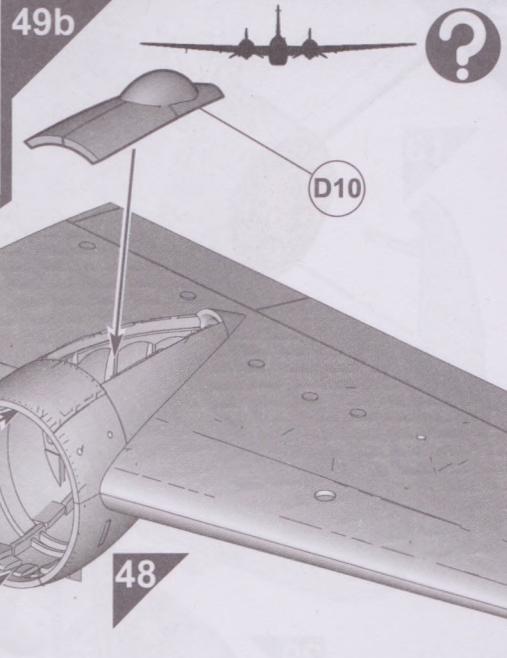
**38****39****40****41****42****43****44**

**45****46****47****48**

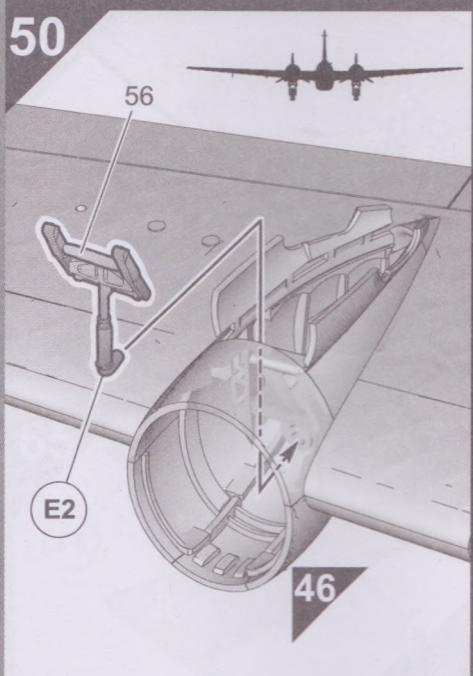
49a



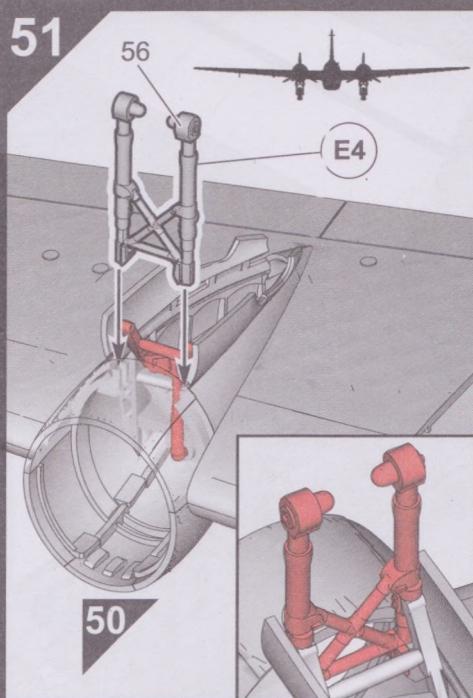
49b



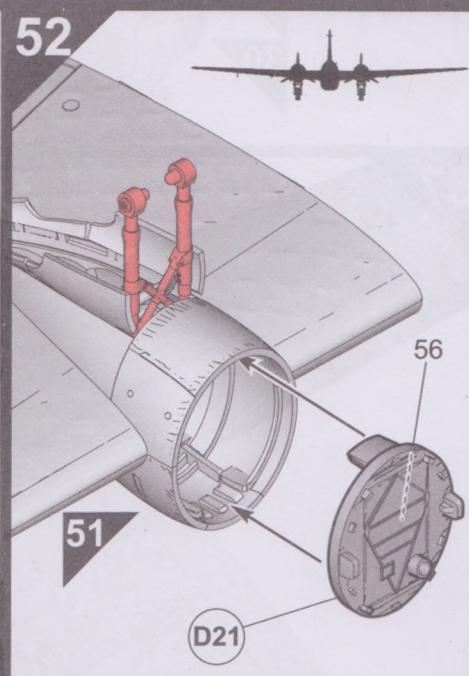
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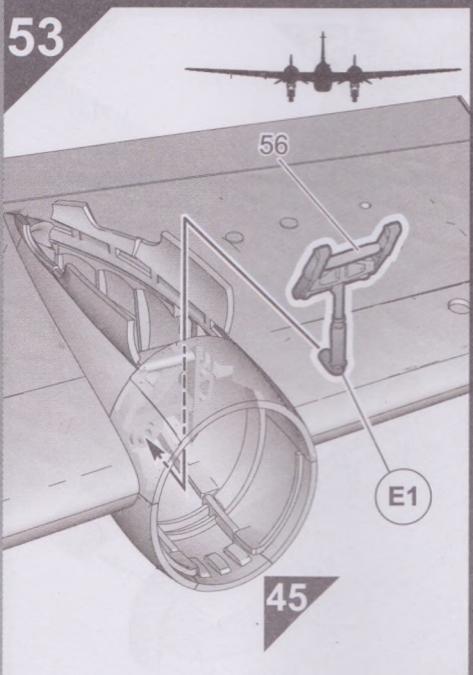
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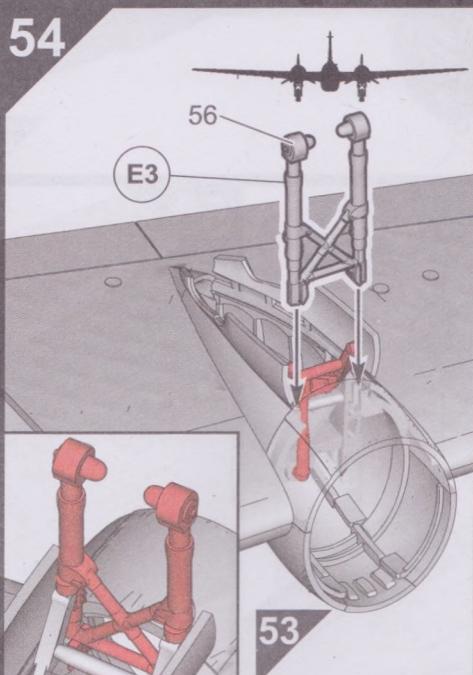
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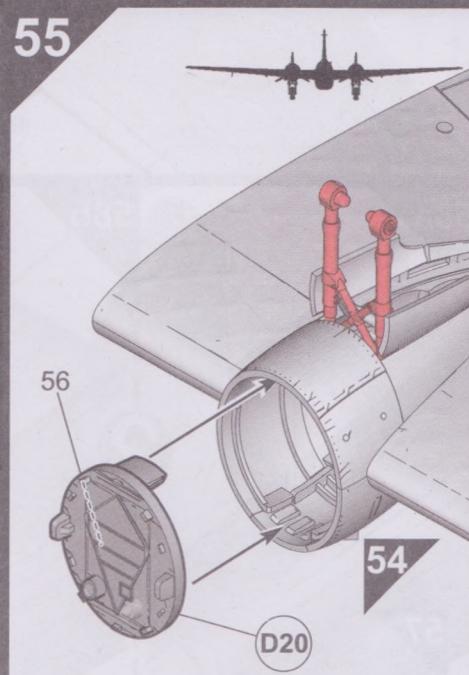
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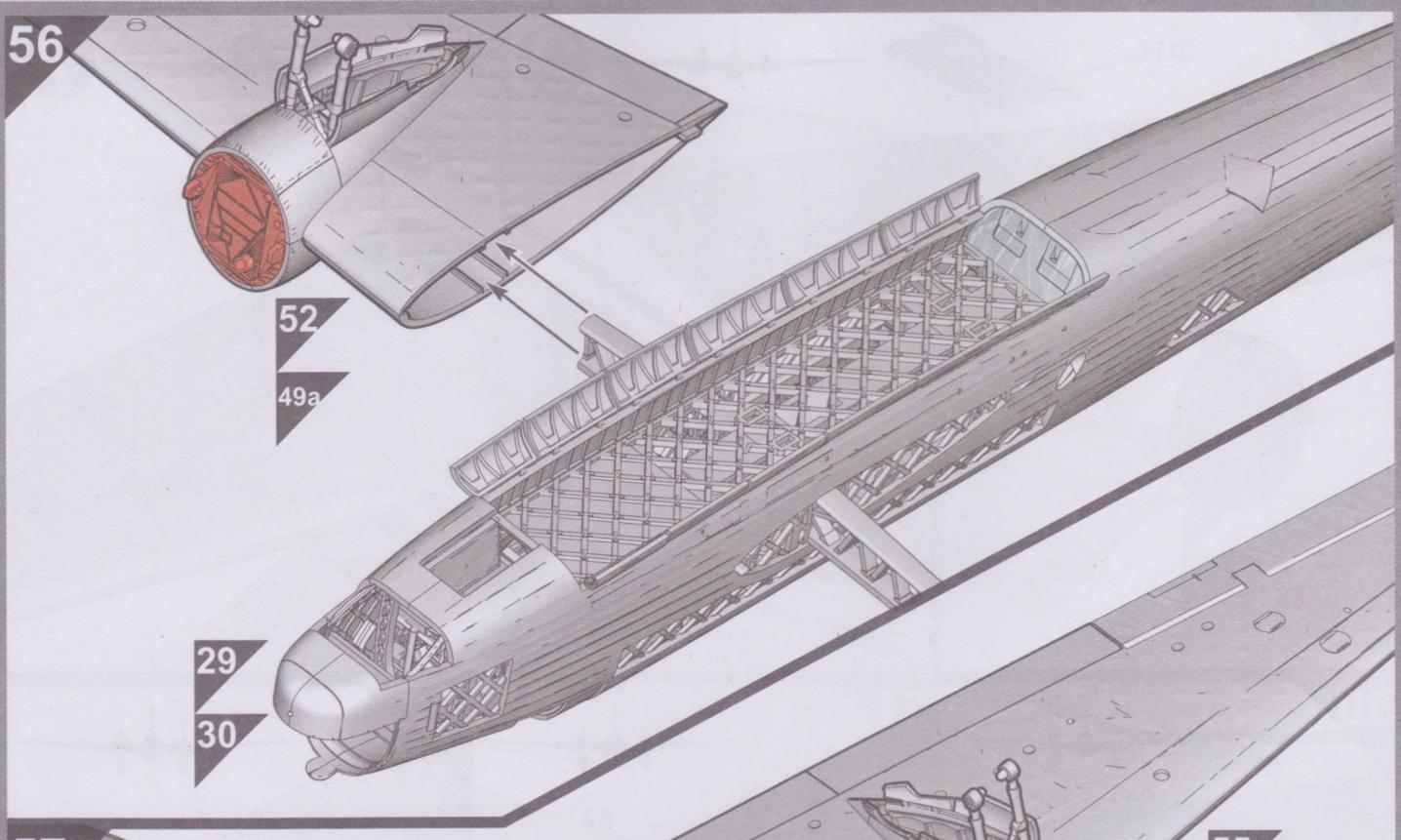
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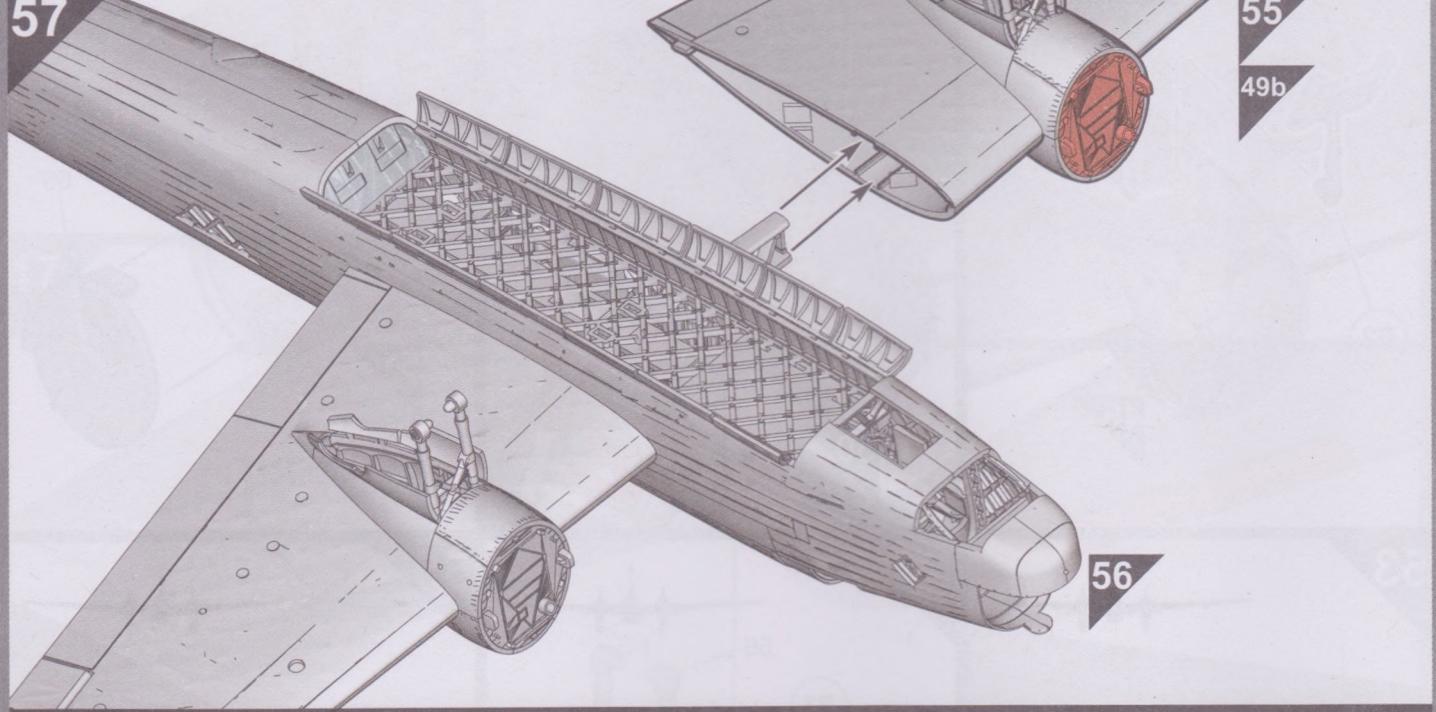
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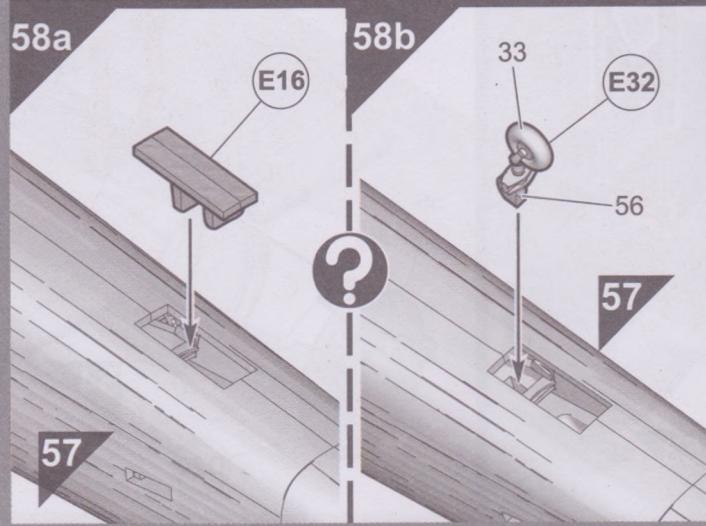
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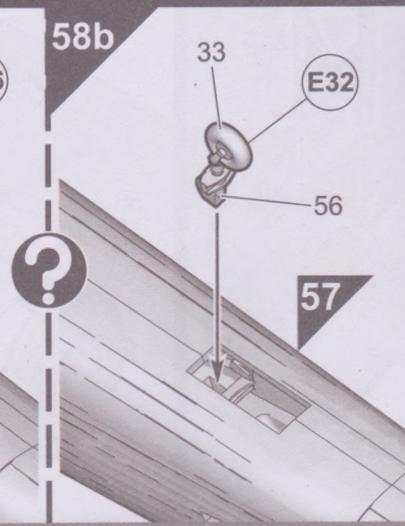
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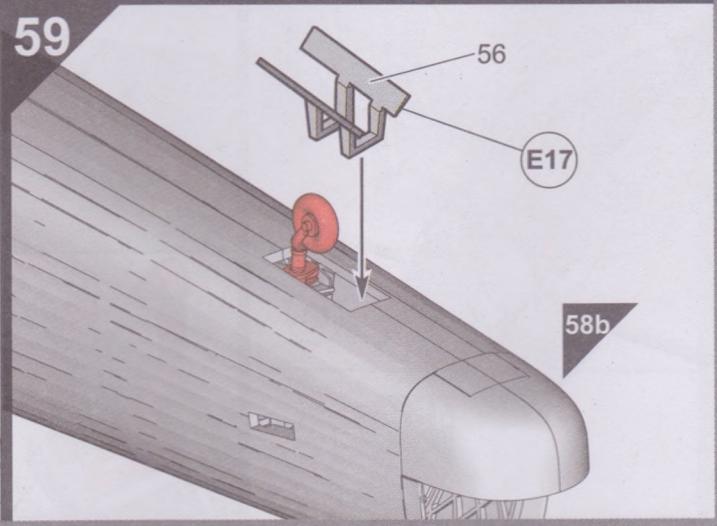
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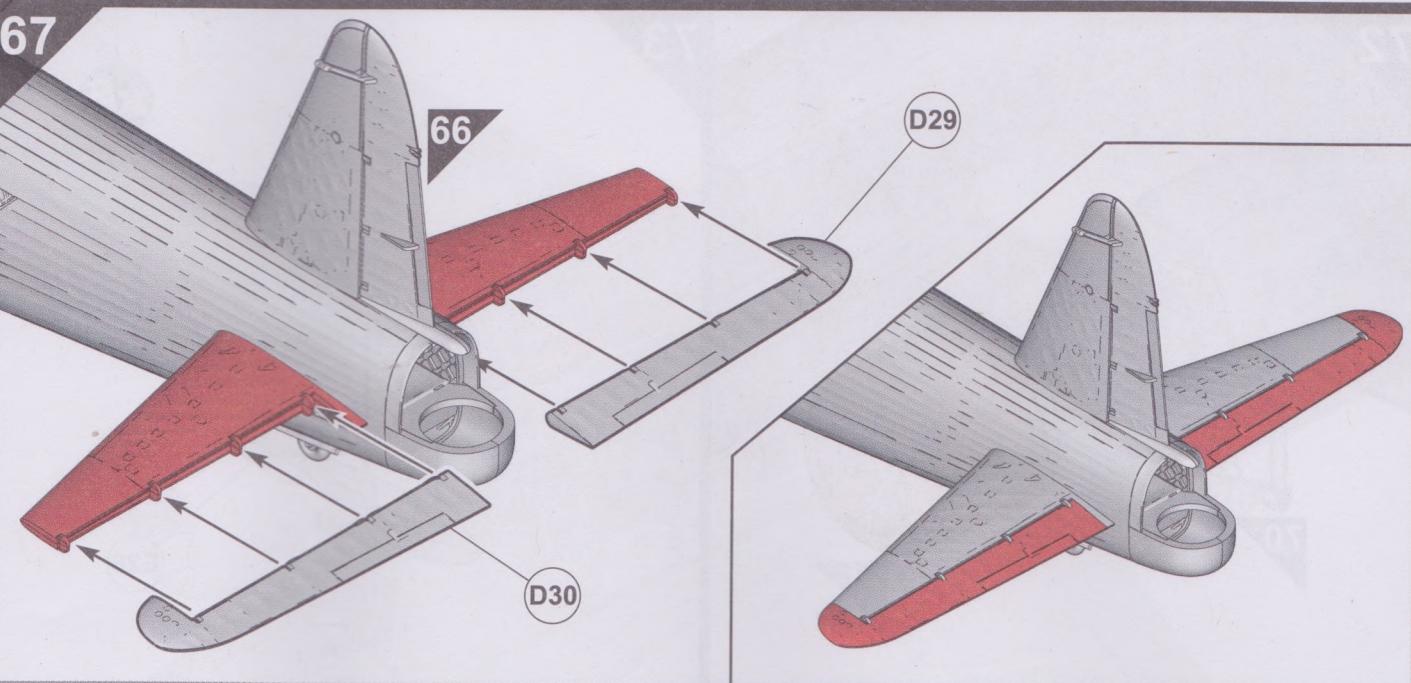
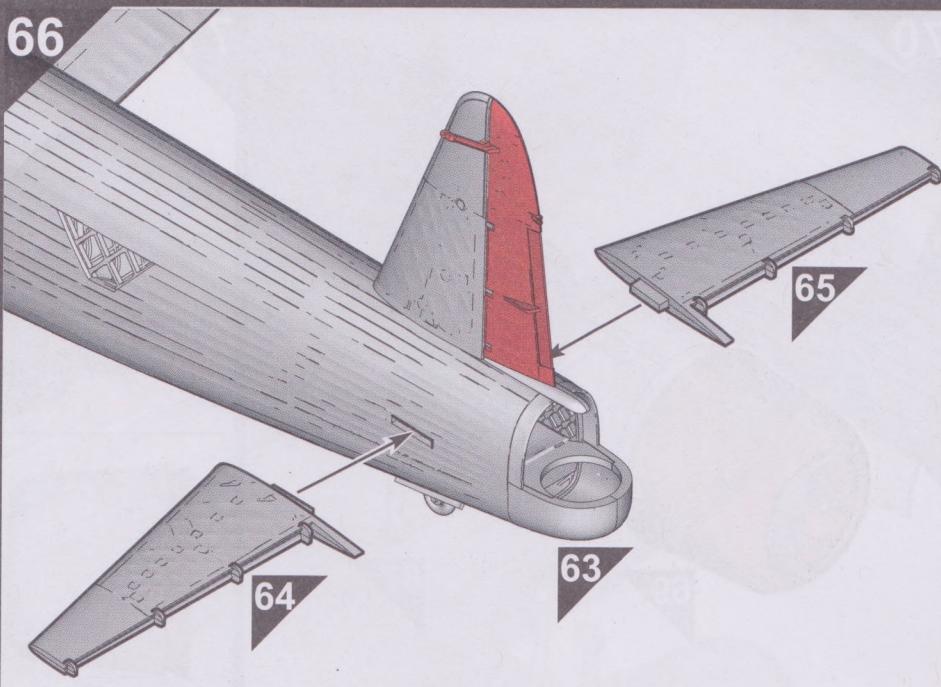
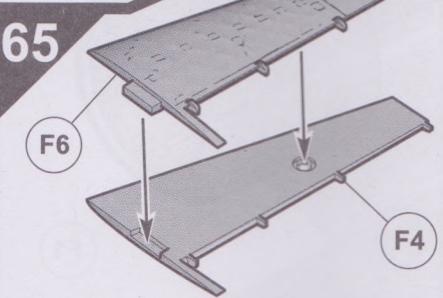
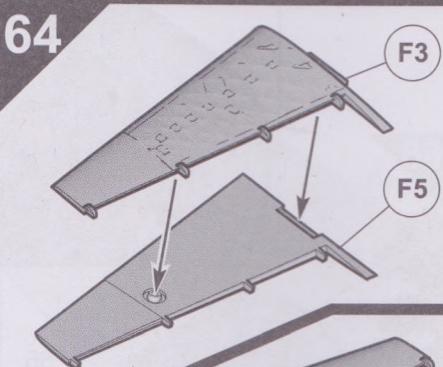
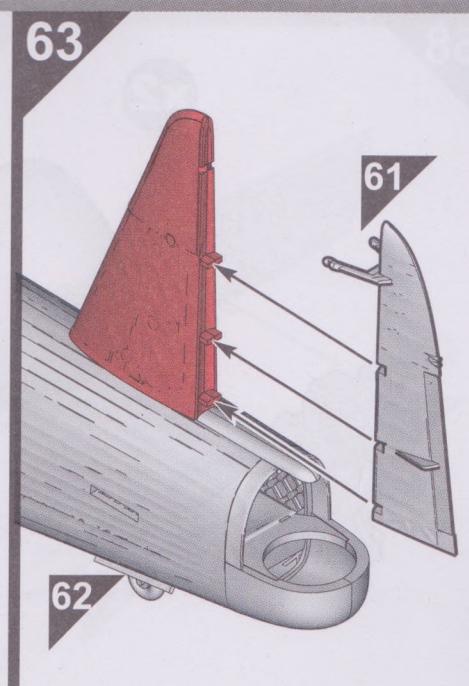
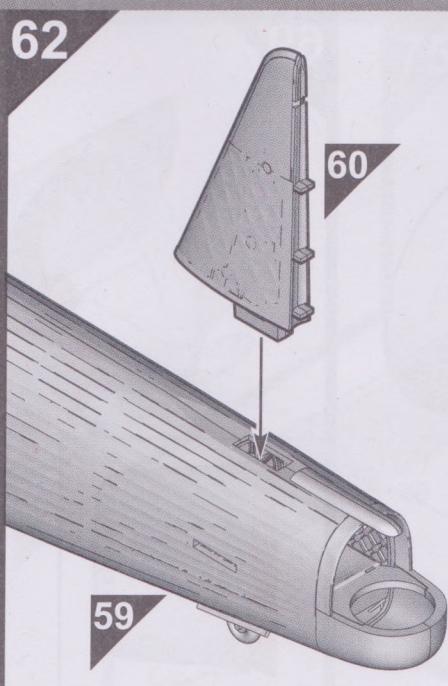
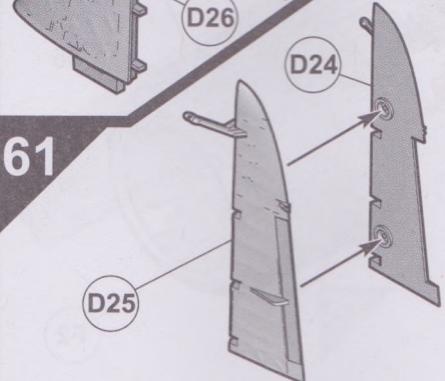
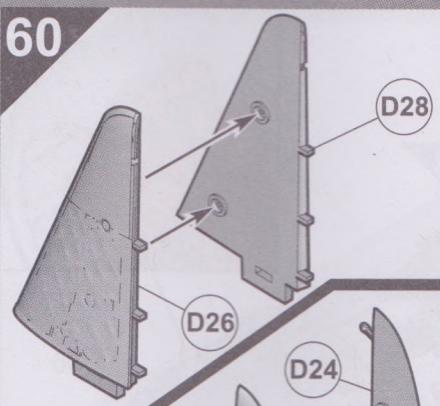
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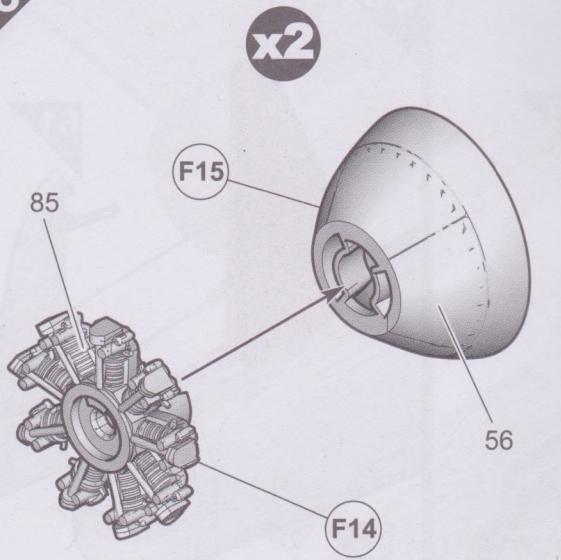
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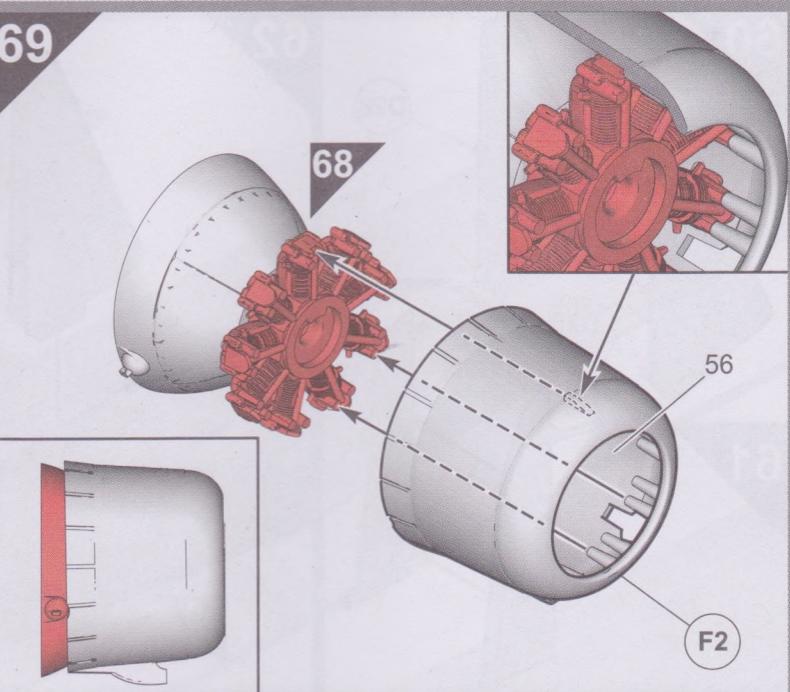
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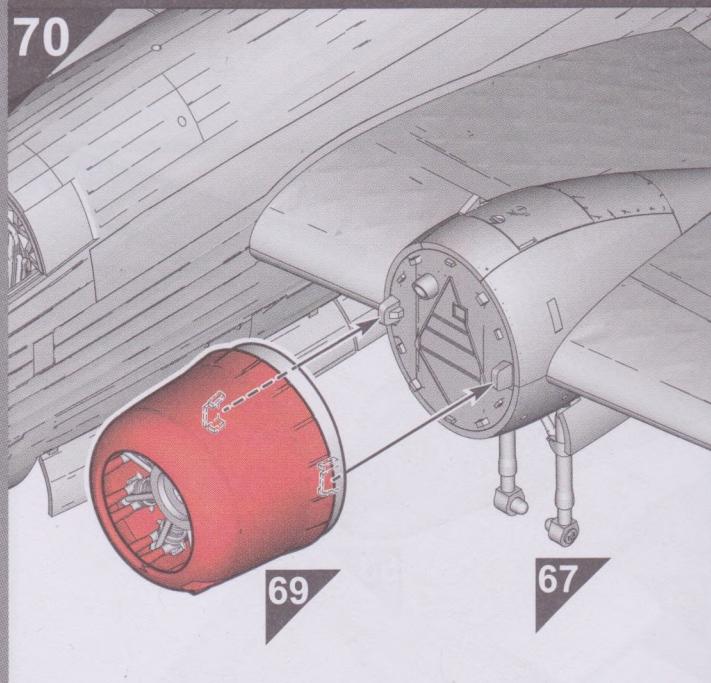
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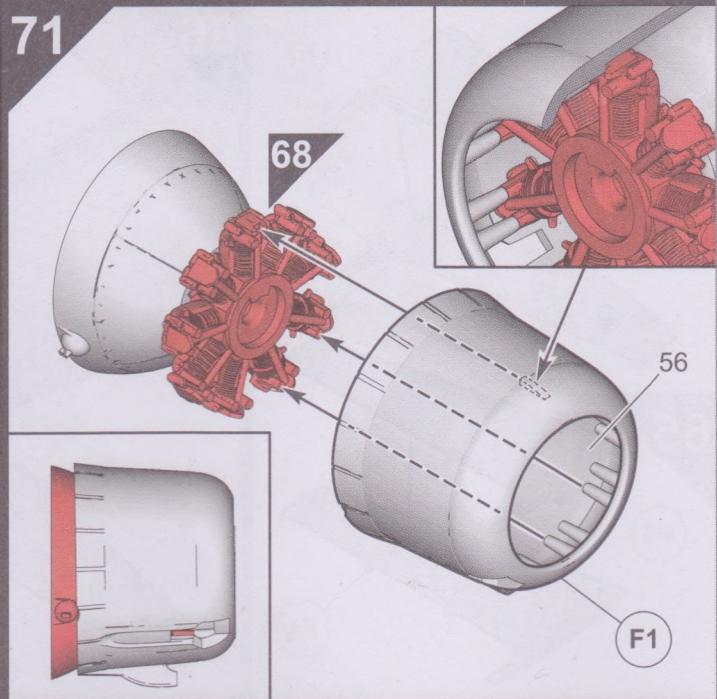
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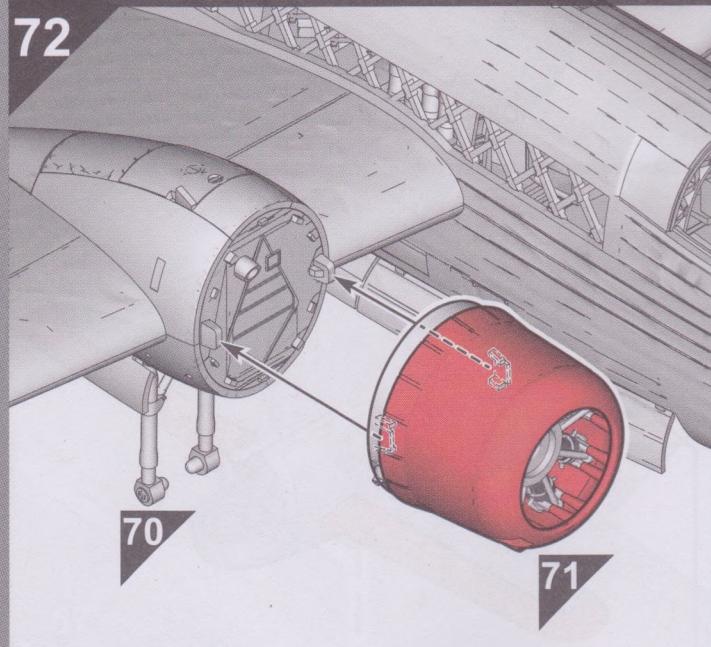
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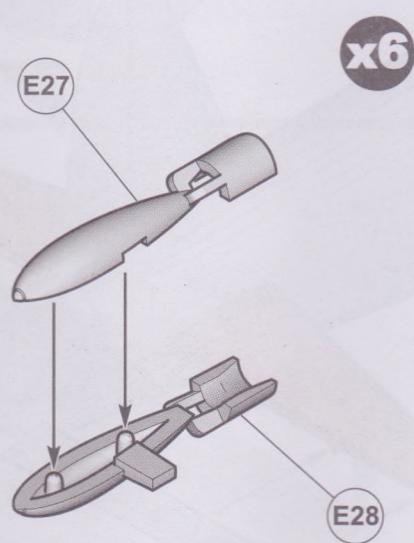
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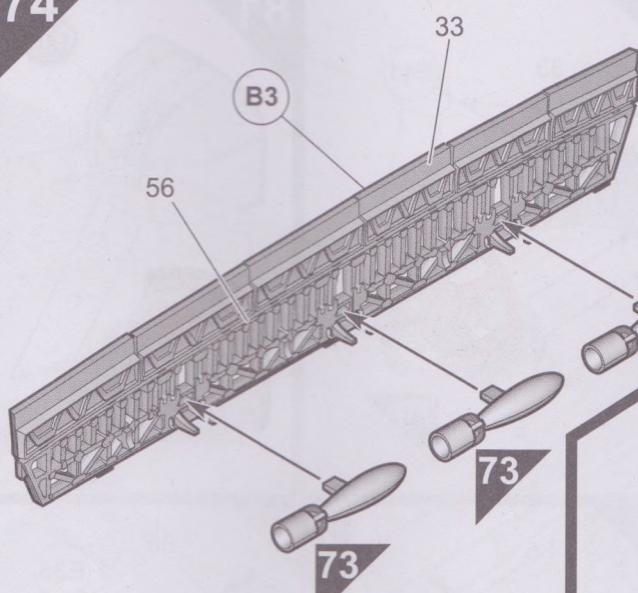
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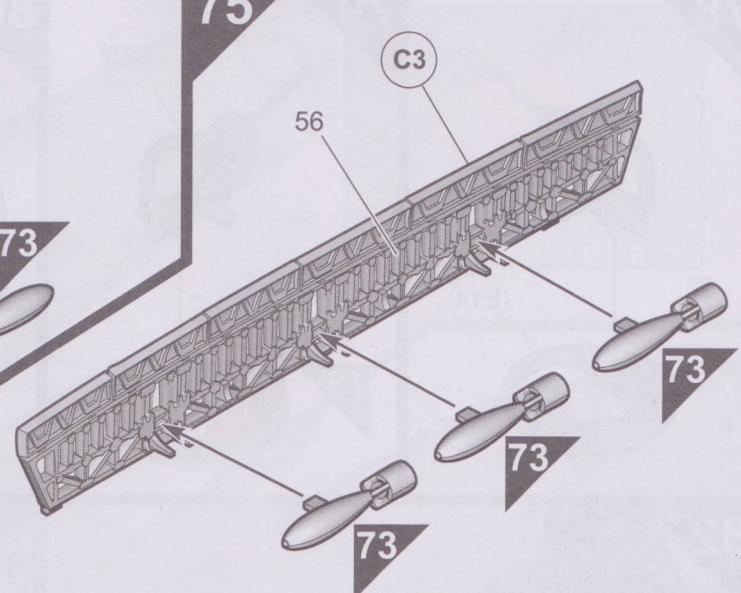
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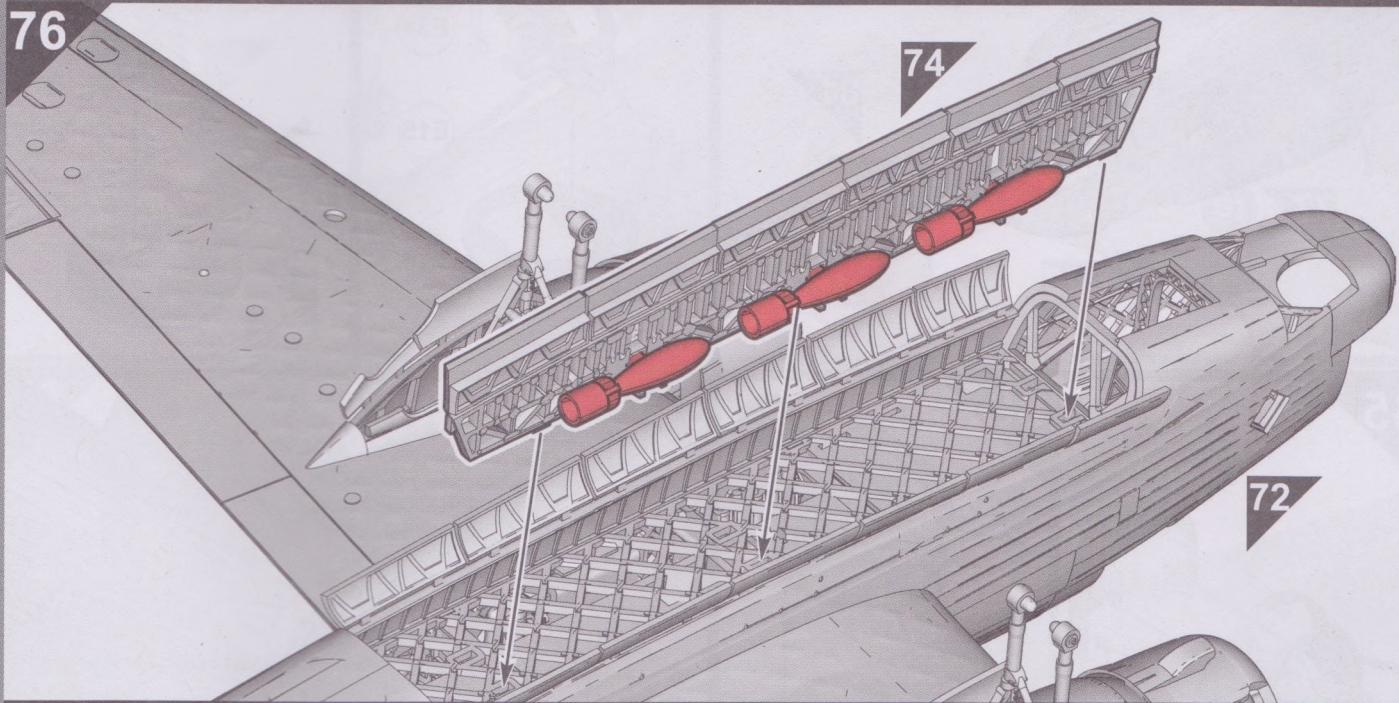
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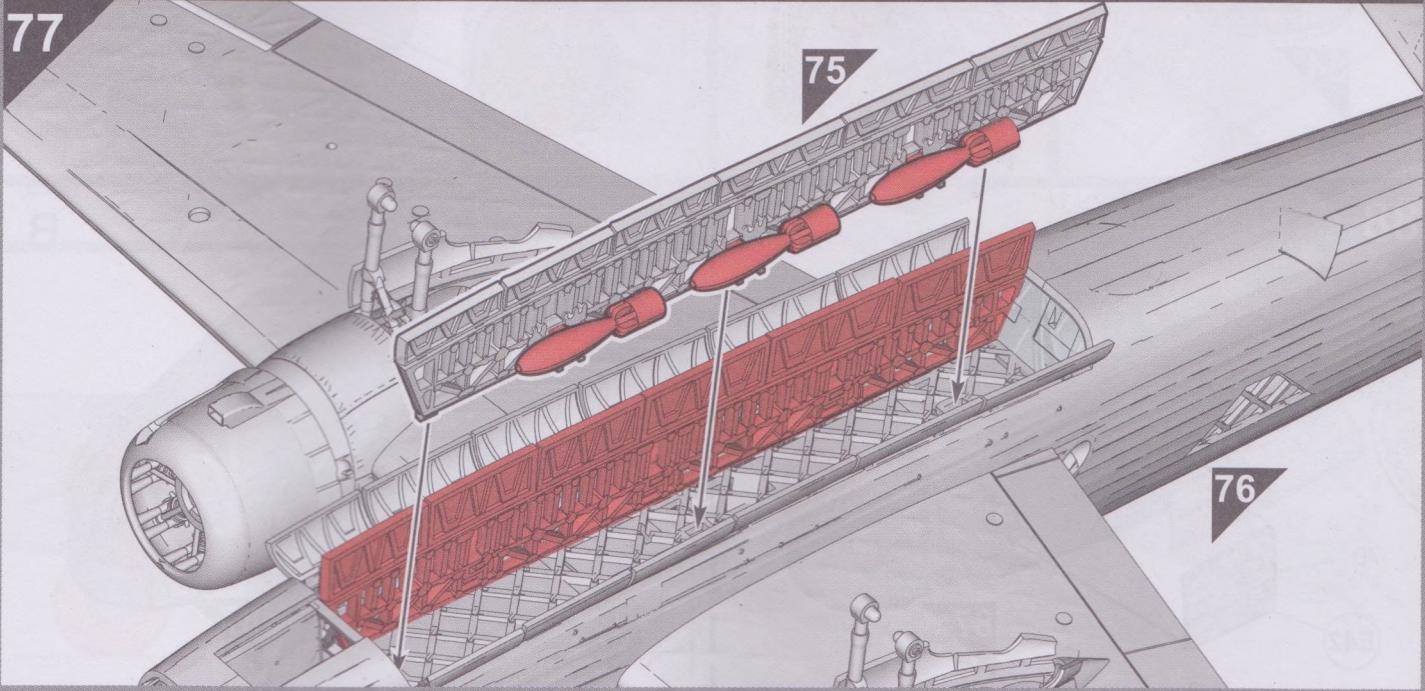
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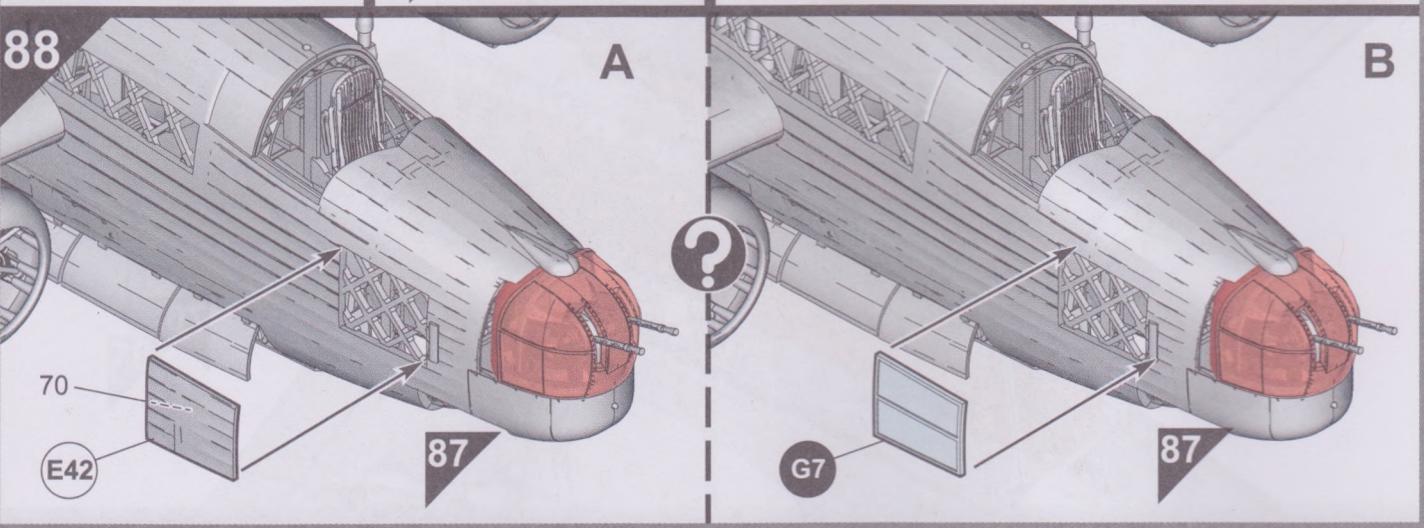
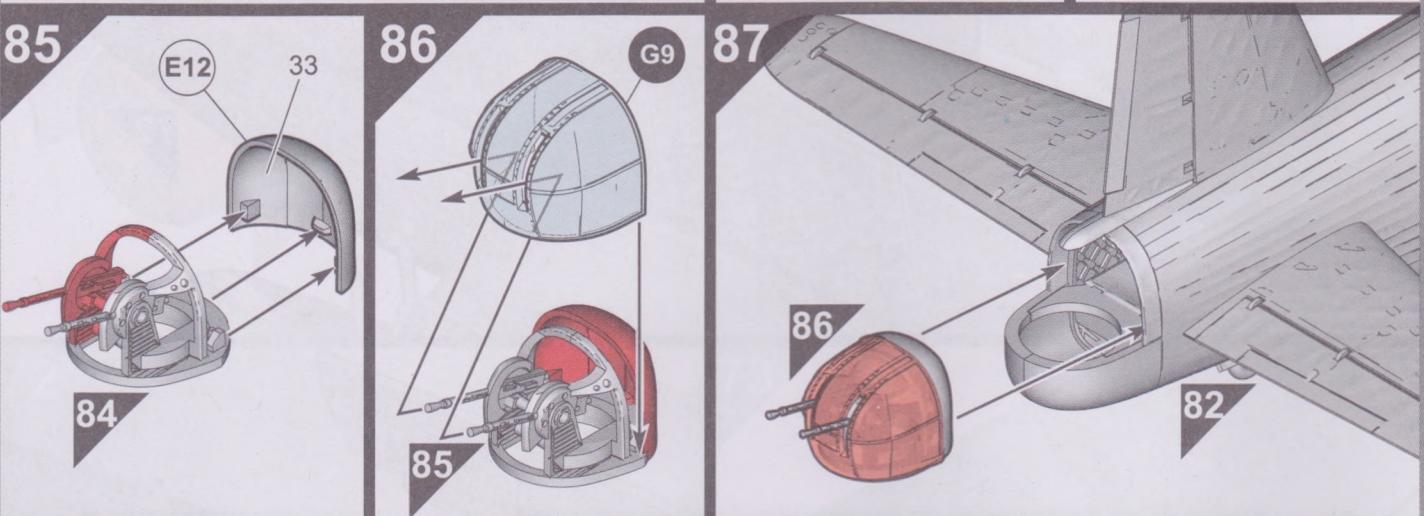
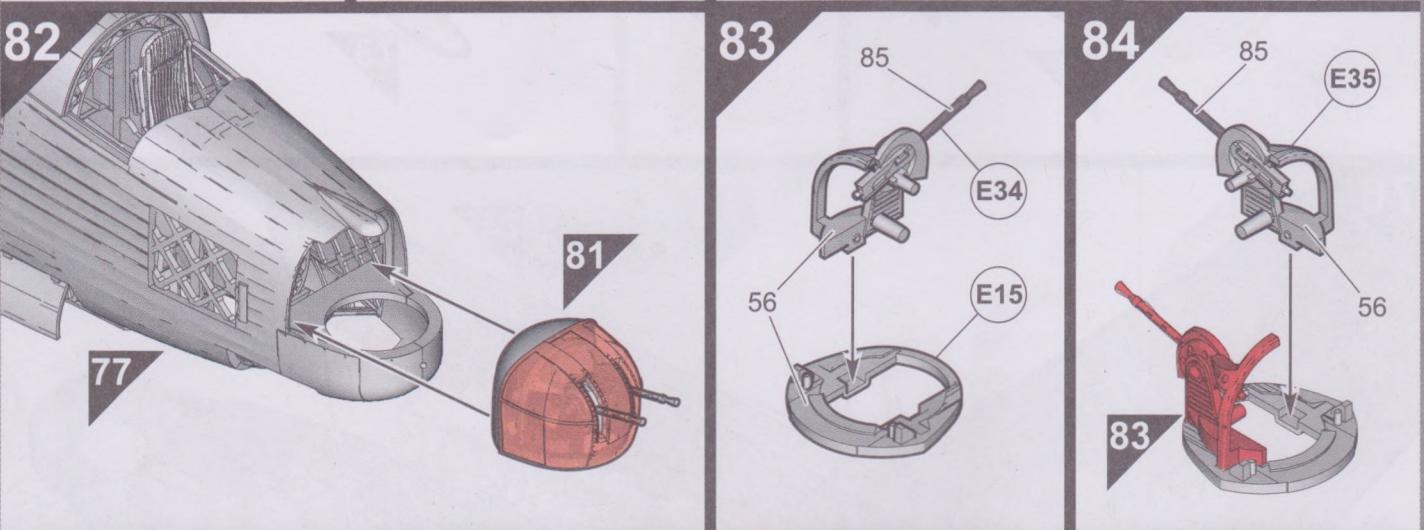
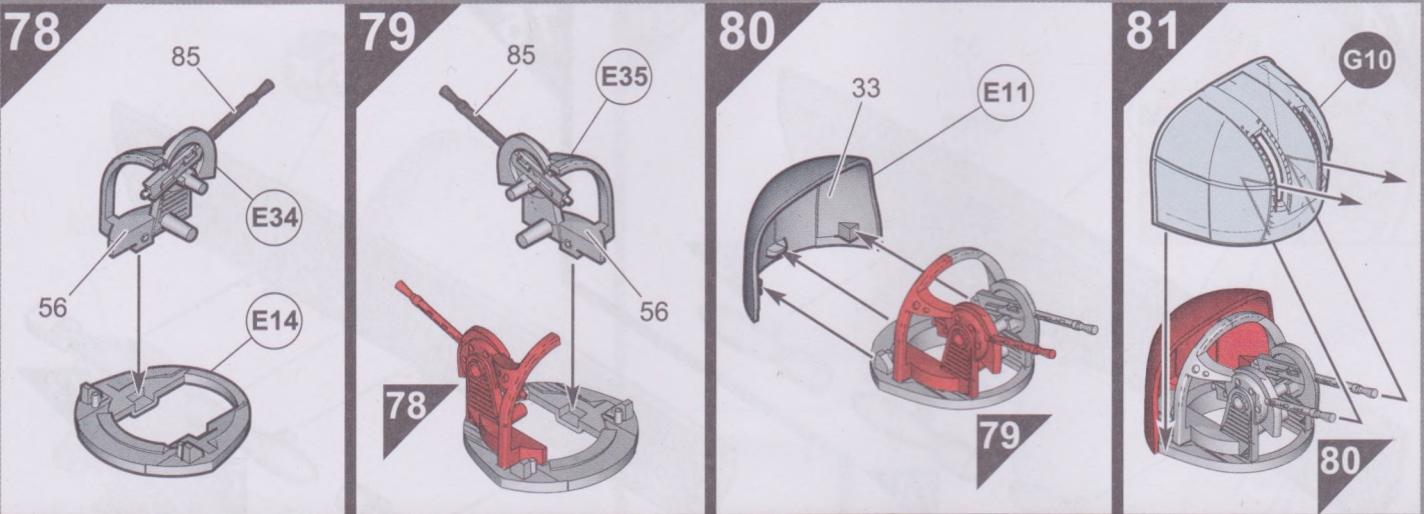


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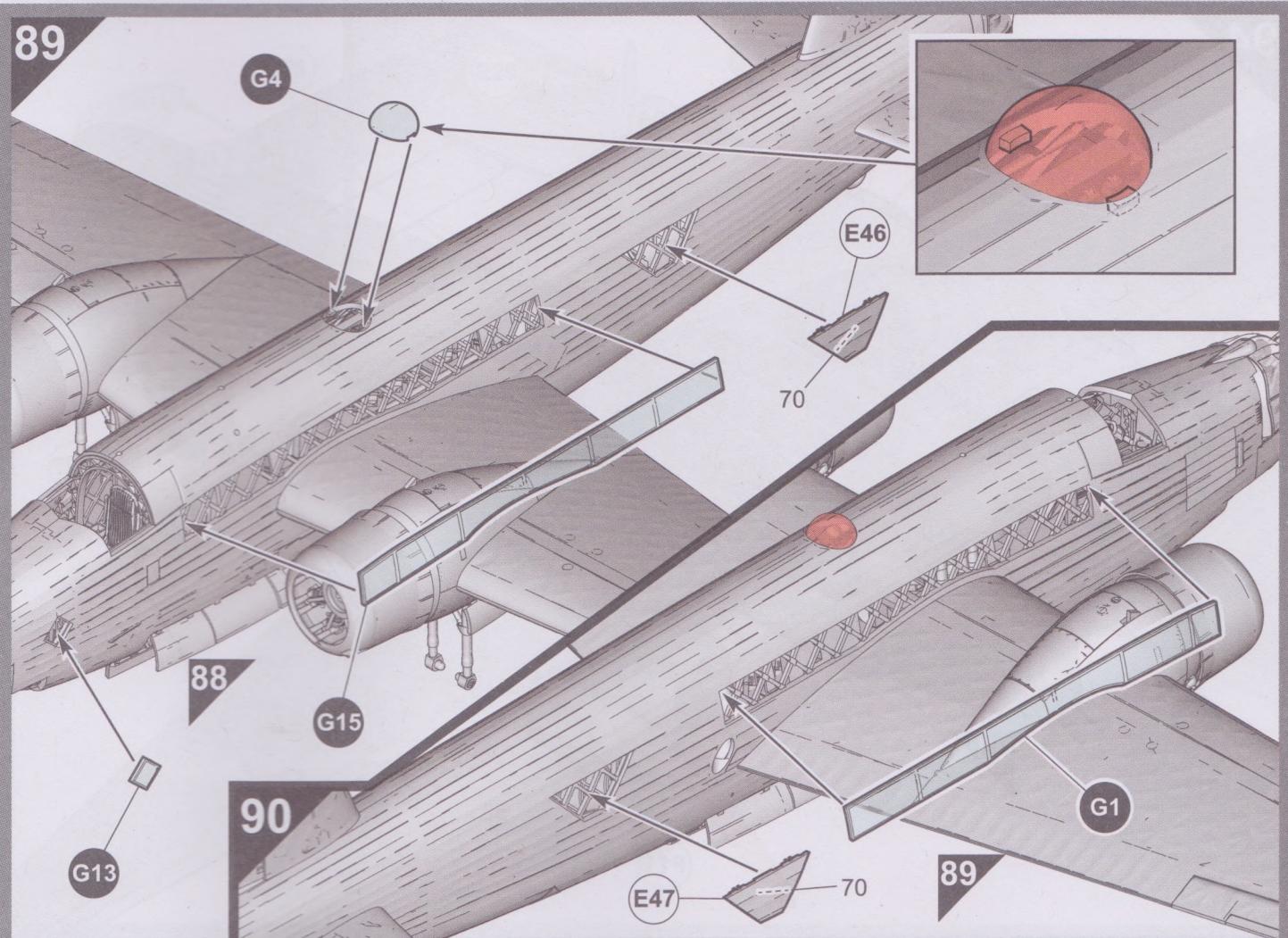


77

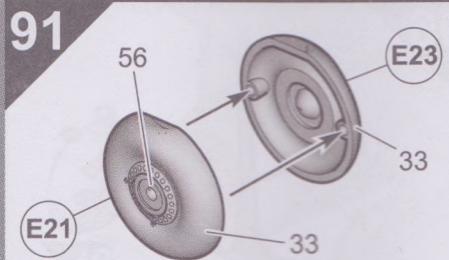




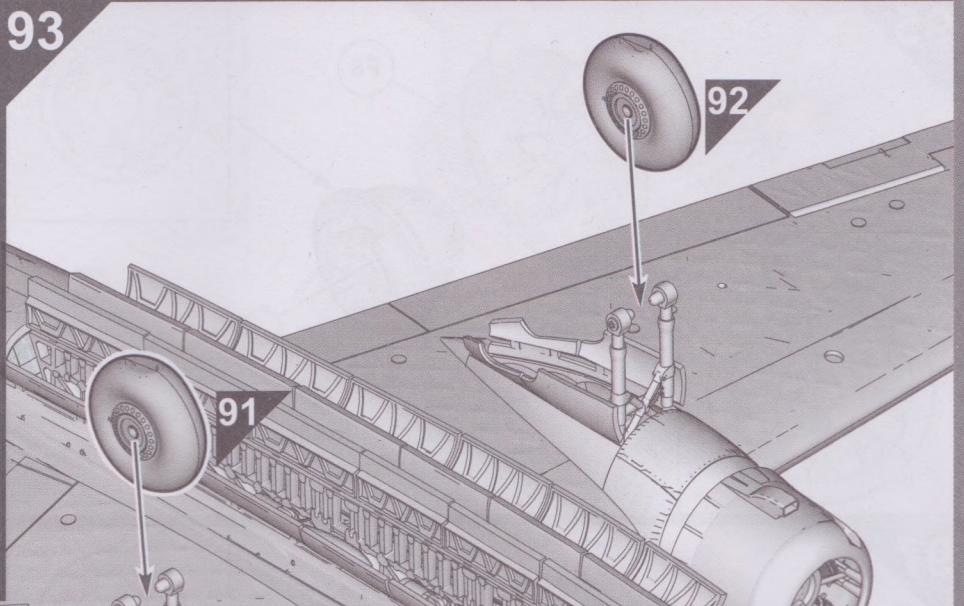
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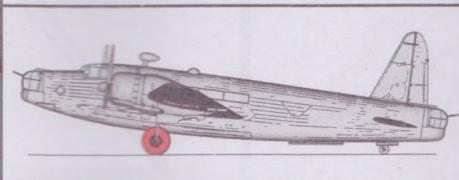
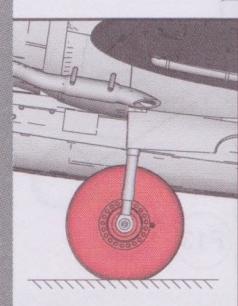
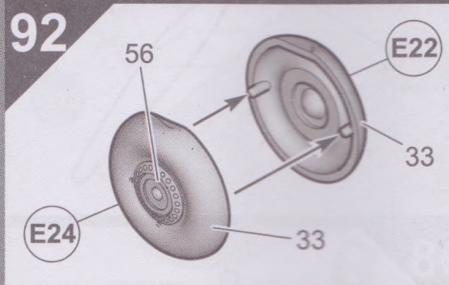
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93

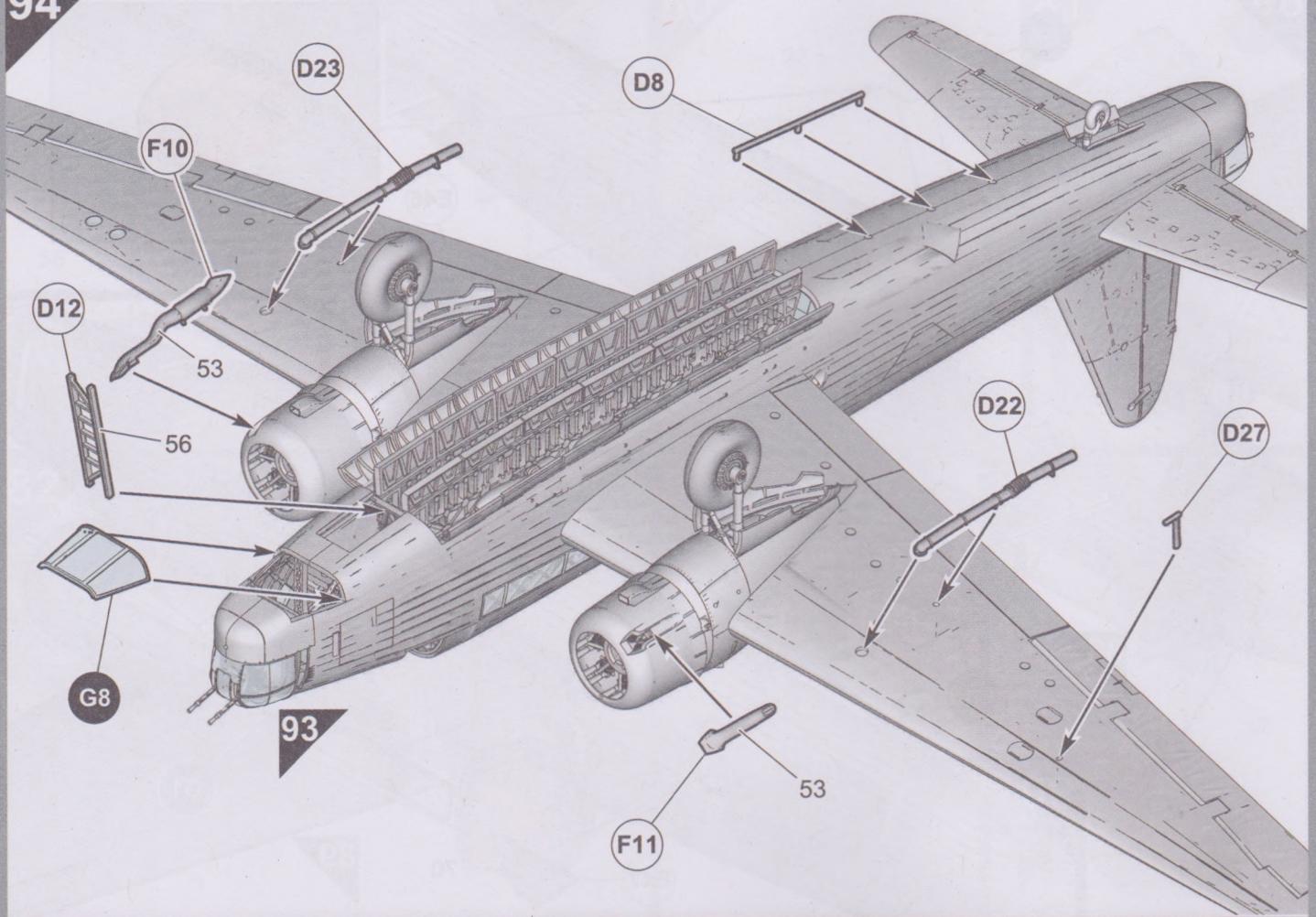
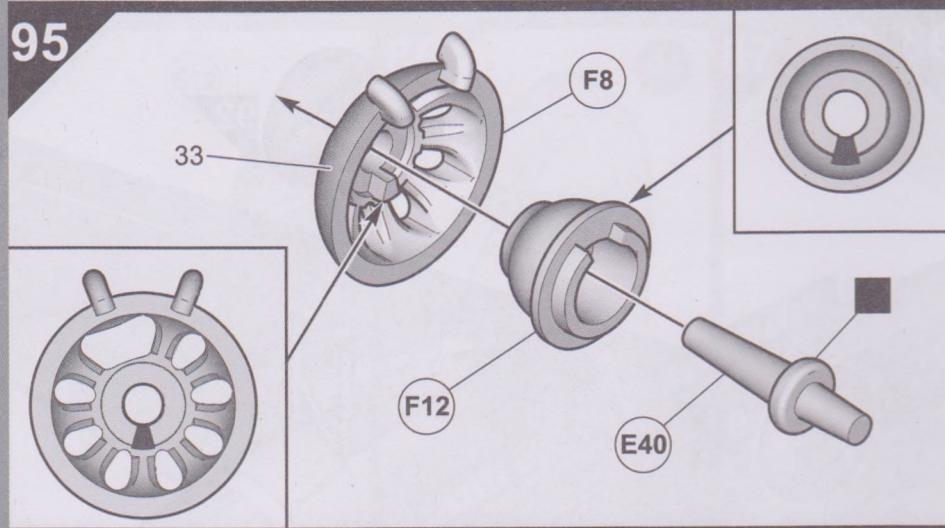
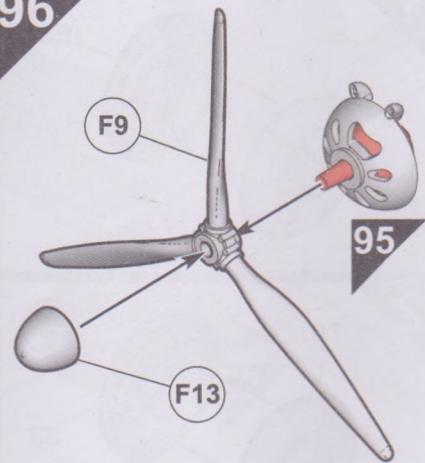
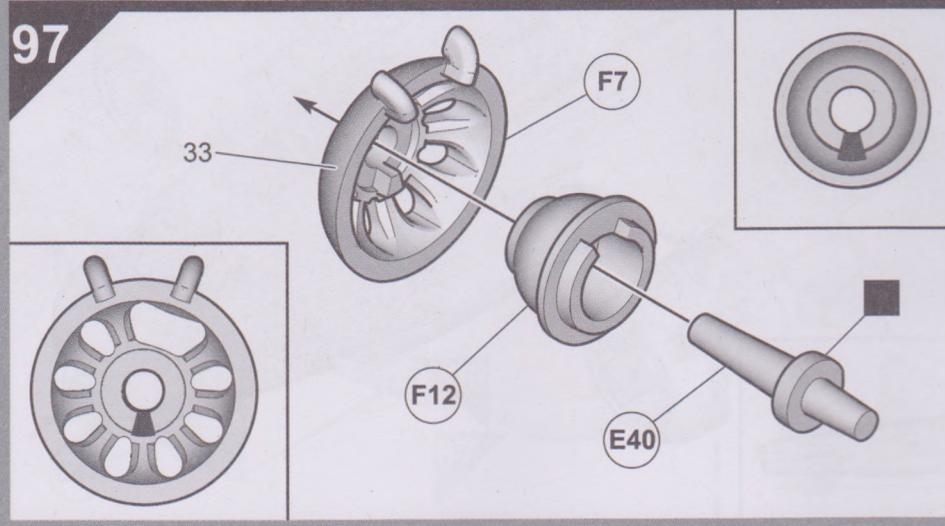
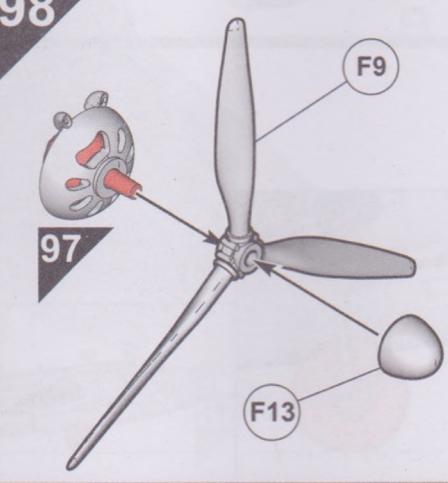


92

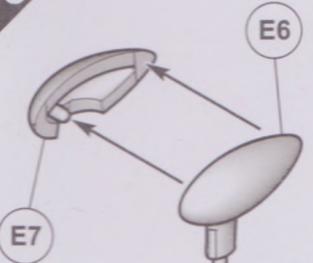


90

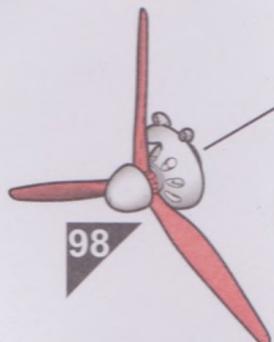


**94****95****96****97****98**

99



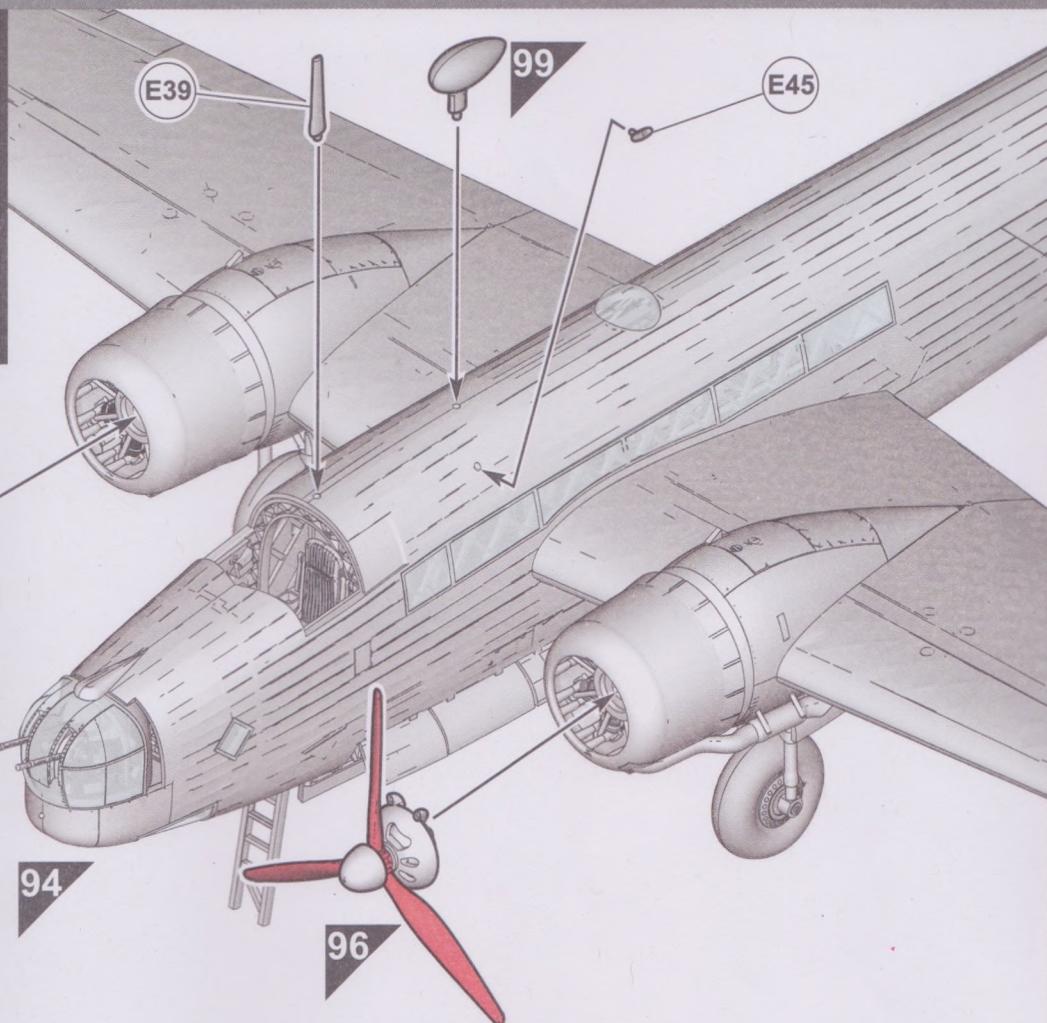
100



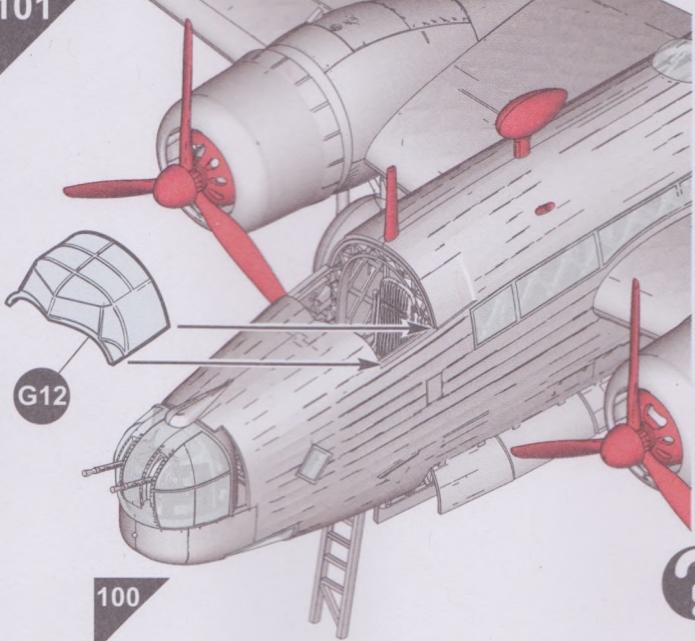
E39

99

E45

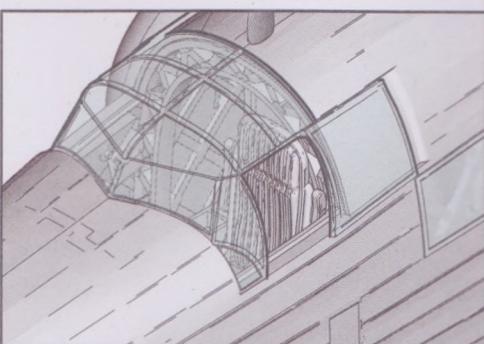
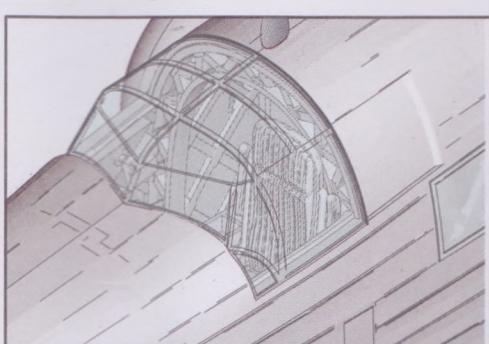
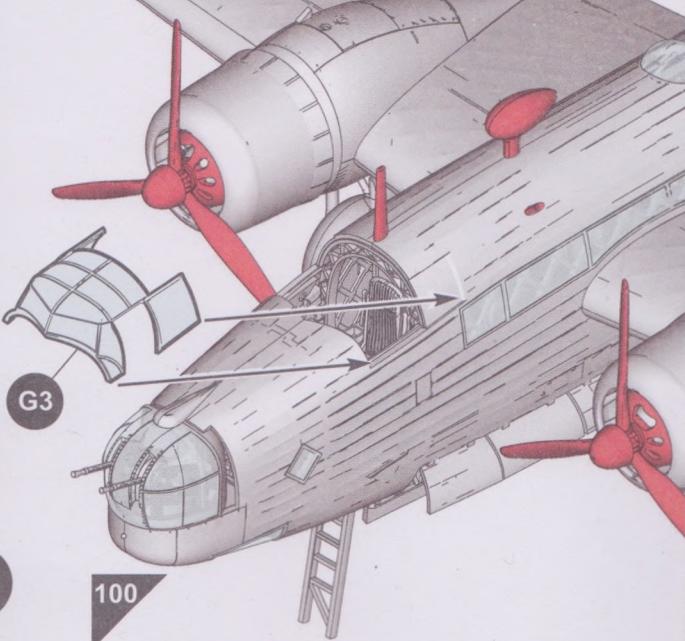


101



G3

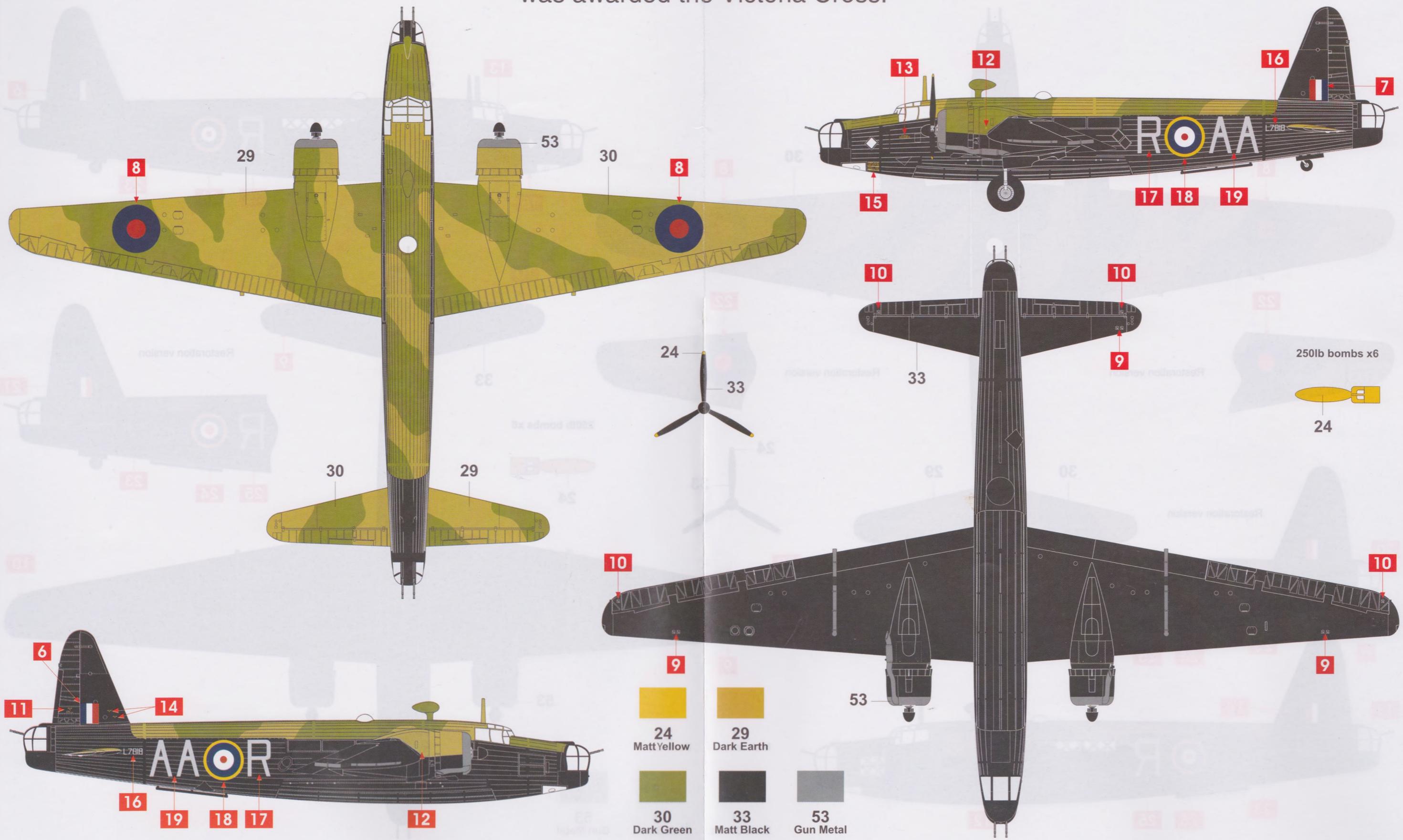
100





## A Vickers Wellington Mk.IC

No. 75 (New Zealand) Squadron Aircraft, Royal Air Force Feltwell, Norfolk, England, 7th July 1941.  
For his actions in climbing onto the wing in-flight and attempting to smother an engine fire, Sergeant Pilot James Allen Ward was awarded the Victoria Cross.



## B Vickers Wellington Mk.IA

"R" Robert, No. 20 Operational Training Unit, Royal Air Force Lossiemouth, Scotland, December 1940. Aircraft recovered from Loch Ness in 1985 and now on display at the Brooklands Museum of Motor Racing and Aviation, Surrey, England.

